

Accounts and Services Agreement and Disclosures

For Clients of Portfolio Managers

September 2024



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Relationship Disclosure

Your Portfolio Manager, has selected National Bank Independent Network (NBIN), a division of National Bank Financial Inc. (NBF), to act as custodian for your assets and account services. This Relationship Disclosure provides you with an understanding of the products and services offered, the features of your account(s), how they operate and our responsibilities to you.

Your Relationship with NBIN and Your Portfolio Manager

NBIN will provide you with an order-execution and custody account where your Portfolio Manager will make all investment decisions and place trading instructions on your behalf.

Your Portfolio Manager will have the authority to act for you in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if you had taken such action with us. NBIN will follow your Portfolio Manager's instructions regarding purchases, sales, or other products or services requested for your account, in every respect without having to confirm with you any instruction your Portfolio Manager gives NBIN for your account. These transactions will be made according to the terms and conditions of agreements that you may enter from time to time with NBIN in respect to your accounts.

Your Portfolio Manager will receive on your behalf shareholder information, unless you direct NBIN to send this information directly to you and your Portfolio Manager will make decisions on the voting of proxies and other corporate actions involving the securities in your accounts.

Service without Suitability Validation by NBIN

NBIN offers an order-execution only service. Your Portfolio Manager is solely responsible to provide you with advice in respect to your account and to ensure that the investment strategy determined by your Portfolio Manager, including the use of leveraging strategies, remains suitable for you given your investment objectives, time horizon, risk profile, investment knowledge and overall financial situation. This means that trading orders and other instructions from your Portfolio Manager are accepted and carried out without us making recommendation or validating their suitability or appropriateness with respect to your personal circumstances. NBIN assumes no responsibility for the suitability of your investments.

Services and Products Offered by NBIN

Through your Portfolio Manager, NBIN offers registered and non-registered investment accounts. Non-registered accounts include, cash accounts, margin accounts (accounts with borrowing privileges), margin short accounts and accounts with options trading. NBIN also offers a variety of registered accounts including the Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP), Registered Retirement

Income Fund (RRIF), Registered Education Savings Plans (RESP), Registered Disability Savings Plans (RDSP), Tax-Free Savings Account (TFSA) and First Home Savings Account (FHSA). The terms and conditions under which all these accounts operate and the Declaration of Trust governing the accounts can be found on pages 24-49.

Some products and services may not be available in registered accounts. In addition, liquidity restrictions (e.g., holding period) may apply to certain private placements while resale restrictions may apply to certain products such as bonds, structured products, preferred shares, etc.

Investment Products

The following investment products are offered by NBIN:

- Cash and cash equivalents
- > Fixed income or debt securities
- Equities including warrants
- Investment funds including mutual funds and exchange traded funds
- Alternative investments

As custodian, NBIN will also provide for your account:

- Trading and Settlement services
- Maintenance of your account and holdings records
- > Preparation of account statements and tax documentation

Fees and Charges You Can Expect to Pay

Management fees payable to your Portfolio Manager, fees incurred by your Portfolio Manager in respect to products and services for your accounts and other fees payable to NBIN shall be deducted from the assets held in your accounts. The fees we charge will vary depending on the type of account you opt for and the products and services required on your behalf by your Portfolio Manager. For details on these fees and other charges, please refer to the NBIN Statement of Disclosure of Fees and Service Charges for clients of Portfolio Managers document and be sure to ask your Portfolio Manager if you have any questions.

Management Fees Charged by your Portfolio Manager

Management fees charged by your Portfolio Manager will be processed by NBIN and paid directly to your Portfolio Manager.

Commissions (Common and Preferred Shares, ETFs and Other Listed Securities)

Commissions may be charged both when a stock or other listed security is purchased and when it is disposed of. The commission will be added to the cost of the security

on a purchase and deducted from the proceeds for a disposition. These amounts will be clearly identified on the transaction confirmations if you receive them.

Spreads (Fixed-Income Securities other than **Preferred Shares)**

A spread is a charge built into fixed-income investments reflecting the difference between the actual cost of a product to the distributor and the price at which it is offered to you. Virtually all financial institutions charge spreads on their fixed-income products. For example, the rate a bank pays on a 5-year GIC will be lower than what they will charge on a 5-year mortgage - this difference being the spread.

Investment dealers build spreads into their fixed-income transaction rates by purchasing securities such as bonds, debentures or treasury bills in extremely large quantities directly from the issuers at a certain interest income level or "yield." They then resell them to individual investors in much smaller quantities at a slightly lower yield. The difference between these two rates is the spread. It covers the cost of doing business and the financial risk of holding large quantities of securities in inventory.

Note that when your Portfolio Manager quotes you a yield-to-maturity on a fixed-income investment, the spread has already been taken into account. In other words, the yield you are quoted is exactly the rate of return you will earn on the bond, stripped coupon or treasury bill, provided you hold it to maturity. Generally speaking, the spread will vary directly with the maturity of the security – the shorter the term, the smaller the spread and vice versa.

Finally, one other situation where we may earn revenue in the form of a spread is when a transaction involves converting currencies. For instance, if you purchased a stock listed in euro on the Frankfurt stock exchange in your Canadian dollar-denominated account, we would convert your Canadian cash to euros using our exchange rate for the day in order to settle the transaction. NBIN could earn a spread on that currency conversion due to the difference between our wholesale and retail foreign exchange rates.

Mutual Funds

Mutual Funds – Management Fees

Most Mutual Funds charge management fees, which are deducted directly from the fund's assets and go toward paying the fund's expenses (portfolio management, record keeping, custody, reporting, etc.) and generating a profit margin for the fund company. Management fees are charged as a percentage of the fund's assets under administration - and this percentage is disclosed in the fund facts document, or in other constating documents of a fund. Management fees vary depending on the category of underlying assets, with fees for equity funds typically being higher than for bond or money market funds.

Trailing Commissions

For certain products, including Mutual funds, a portion of the management fee may be remitted to the distributor (in this case, NBIN) on an ongoing basis for as long as the investor owns the fund, as a compensation for distributing the product and the costs associated, such as recordkeeping, issuing statements, etc. The portion of the management fee remitted to the distributor is called a trailing commission or "trailer fee". NBIN will manage trailing commission in compliance with applicable regulation.

Mutual Funds – Commissions

Commissions are charged on many mutual funds but, contrary to other investments, the commission applies either when you buy the fund or when you sell it - not both.

Commissions charged upon the purchase (sometimes referred to as a "front load") are calculated as a percentage of your gross purchase and are simply subtracted from the actual amount invested. For instance, a 2% commission charged on a \$5,000 fund purchase will result in \$100 being taken off the top and \$4,900 being invested.

Many funds were available for purchase with a "deferred sales charge" option (sometimes referred to as "back load"). With this option, there was nothing to be paid up front, and your full amount was invested in the fund. While mutual funds can no longer offer purchases with a deferred sales charge option, you may still have redemption schedules associated to previous purchases made in your account. The fund company will apply a charge when you redeem your investment according to a declining schedule - the longer you own the fund, the less you pay when you redeem it. In most cases the deferred sales charge actually falls to zero over a period not usually exceeding seven years. This deferred sales charge is applied on the gross amount redeemed and subtracted from the proceeds of the sale. For instance, if you redeemed \$5,000 of mutual funds and the deferred sales charge had declined to 1% because you had held the fund for several years, \$50 will be taken off the proceeds and the net amount you receive from the sale will be \$4,950.

Finally, there are also many funds offered for sale without transaction commissions (often referred to as "no-load" funds). If you wish to include mutual funds in your portfolio, it would make good sense to take some time exploring the various commission options with your Portfolio Manager to figure out which one is best for you.

Fees Related to Transactions Executed on **Foreign Exchanges**

If you buy or sell securities listed on foreign markets, you should know that certain stock exchanges, securities commissions, prime brokers or foreign governments may, from time to time, impose taxes or apply trading, execution or settlement fees on financial transactions made in their country.

When such fees are levied, they are over and above the usual commissions and administration fees that NBIN applies to your accounts and your transactions, regardless of the pricing option you have chosen. Where applicable, these supplemental charges will appear on your transaction confirmations.

Interest Charges

If you borrow against the value of securities held in one of your accounts, you will be charged interest on the outstanding loan. Similarly, if you sell securities short, you will be charged a borrow fee for the borrowing of securities to cover your short position.

Administration Fees

NBIN may charge administration fees such as account fees, custody fees and other service charges associated with the operation of your account. For details on these charges, please refer to the NBIN Statement of Disclosure of Fees and Service Charges for clients of Portfolio Managers document and be sure to ask your Portfolio Manager if you have any questions. Note that fees and other charges mentioned above may change from time to time. We will let you know in advance of any changes, as prescribed by applicable securities regulations.

Revenues We May Receive From Third Parties

Order routing and receipt of payment for order flow

NBIN receives fees or payments from third parties on some of the transactions it executes. Such fees and payments will not accrue to the clients' account and may be considered as part of NBIN's routing decision-making process, though this is not the principal determinant.

Documentation to Help You Track Your **Account Activity**

Trade Confirmations

When securities are bought and sold in your account, a trade confirmation will be sent to your Portfolio Manager, unless you have opted to receive trading confirmations in which case trade confirmations will be sent to you in accordance with regulatory requirements of the trade date.

Account Statements

Client statements are produced monthly for transactions such as buy and sell orders, deposits, withdrawals and transfers. If monthly activity only consists of interest debits or credits or dividend payments, only a quarterly statement will be produced each March, June, September and December. The securities in your accounts are valued using, wherever possible, reputable independent pricing feeds that are consistent with industry standards of accuracy, timeliness, and completeness. Where data has not been updated in some time, we follow regulatory guidelines up to and including marking the value as \$0.00. Whenever possible, when applicable, an asterisk will be printed on your statement to reflect this. The value you receive when selling or redeeming a security(ies) may be more or less than its (their) value on your statement.

Your statement will include:

- Your name, address and account number
- > The type of account
- > The statement period
- Your Portfolio Manager's name and contact information
- Details of each trade
- Details of non-trade transactions
- Total holdings
- > Investment Performance Reporting

Investment Performance Reporting

Your Portfolio Manager is responsible to provide you with investment performance reporting information such as a rate of return calculation or realized and unrealized income and capital gains reports and all other information required by applicable securities regulations.

Disclosure of Conflicts of Interest

We have adopted policies and procedures to assist us in identifying, minimizing and avoiding any conflicts of interest that we may face. Where that is not possible, we inform our clients of the potential conflicts of interest. In all respects, we aim to operate our businesses to ensure that the best interests of our clients are paramount.

For full details on our conflicts of interest policies, please refer to the section entitled Conflicts of Interest Policy Statement in this disclosure.

Voicing your Concern

If you have a complaint, please let us know or refer to the section entitled Making a Complaint in this disclosure for further details.

Checklist of Documents to be Provided to you

We will provide you with copies of the following documents pertaining to your account:

- > Welcome Letter
- > NBIN Statement of Disclosure of Fees and Service Charges for clients of Portfolio Managers
- > NBIN Accounts and Services Agreement and Disclosures for clients of Portfolio Managers
- Canadian Investor Protection Fund (CIPF) brochure
- Making a Complaint A Guide for Investors (Part 1 of 2)
- > How Can I Get My Money Back? A Guide for Investors (Part 2 of 2)
- Strip Bonds and Strip Bond Packages Information Statement
- How CIRO protects investors
- Understanding Your Investment Portfolio Statement brochure

Account Terms and Conditions

Portfolio Manager Client Account Agreement

This Agreement is applicable to registered and non-registered accounts. Non registered accounts include, cash accounts, margin accounts (accounts with borrowing privileges), margin short accounts and accounts with options trading. Registered accounts include, Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP), Registered Retirement Income Fund (RRIF), Registered Education Savings Plans (RESP), Registered Disability Savings Plans (RDSP), Tax-Free Savings Account (TFSA) and First Home Savings Account (FHSA).

In consideration of NBIN agreeing to open and maintain an Account in the name of the Client, the latter consents and undertakes to comply with the following terms and conditions:

Application

The Agreement shall apply to the Client's Account.

2. Definitions

In the Agreement, the terms below have the following meanings:

- 2.1 Cash: refers to the credit balance in the Account which may be denominated in lawful currency of Canada or the United States of America, or any other lawful currency in which cash distributions on the Securities in the Account are paid to NBIN.
- 2.2 Client: The Account holder identified in the Portfolio Manager Client Account Application form. If an Account is opened in the name of more than one account holder, they shall constitute the "Client" and shall be jointly and severally (solidarily in Quebec) responsible for the obligations stipulated in the Agreement.
- 2.3 Account: The account of the Client, of any type, which is opened with NBIN and is the subject of this Agreement, and all other accounts held by the Client with NBIN.
- 2.4 Portfolio Managers: The Portfolio Manager assigned by the Client to manage the Account, make investment decisions and place trading instructions with NBIN on behalf of the Client.
- 2.5 Agreement: This Client Account Agreement.
- 2.6 Suitability: The recommendation or validation of suitability or appropriateness of the account, an Instruction or investment decision of the Portfolio Manager in relation to the Client's investment objectives, time horizon, risk profile, investment knowledge and overall financial situation.

- 2.7 NBIN: means NBIN, a division of NBF, offering orderexecution only and custodial service to the Account through the Portfolio Manager who will make all investment decisions and give Instructions with respect to the Account and without NBIN making any recommendations or validating Suitability.
- 2.8 Authorized Officer: Each of the persons designated as such in the "Individual with Authority Over the Account" section in the Client Account Application for Non-Personal Accounts to form an integral part hereof, as well as any other officer who may be designated from time to time to fill this function.
- 2.9 Instruction: The instructions of the Portfolio Manager to NBIN on behalf of the Client regarding a Transaction, the use of leverage or credit balances of the Account.
- 2.10 Security: Means (i) all property now or hereafter held or carried by NBIN in the Account, including without limitation all stocks, bonds, commodity futures contracts or options, options, derivatives, investment property or other securities or financial assets (ii) and all proceeds of or distributions on any of the foregoing; but excludes (iii) all Cash.
- 2.11 Transaction: A purchase, sale, holding or any other operation carried out by NBIN on the instruction of the Portfolio Manager with respect to a Security.

3. Information on the Client

- 3.1 Legal Capacity: The Client acknowledges that he has the legal capacity to be a party hereto.
- **3.2 Reporting Insider:** The Client undertakes to notify NBIN promptly should the Client, or any of his Authorized Officers or their spouses, if any, become an insider of a reporting issuer or should any of them acquire, directly or indirectly, a controlling interest in the capital stock of the same.
- 3.3 Employee of an Investment Dealer: The Client undertakes to notify NBIN promptly should the Client, or any of his Authorized Officers or their spouses, if any, becomes a partner, director or employee of an investment dealer, whether or not such dealer is a member of an exchange or self-regulatory organization.
- 3.4 Complete and Continuous Information: The Client acknowledges that all the information provided in the Client Account Application is complete and accurate. The Client further undertakes to notify NBIN promptly of any change in such information.

4. Role of NBIN

- 4.1 Role: The role of NBIN shall be limited to offer custodial services in respect to the Account and order-execution only service for Transaction Orders placed by the Portfolio Manager, for which no recommendation or advice shall be provided by NBIN or whose Suitability shall not be validated by NBIN.
- 4.2 Rights Attached to Securities: NBIN shall not have any obligation or liability regarding voting, subscription or conversion rights or any other right attached to the Securities and shall not provide any advice in regard thereto.
- 4.3 Liability: NBIN shall not be liable for any errors or omissions with respect to any Instruction, the execution thereof or any fact related thereto, and consequently, it shall not be bound to compensate for any loss, repair any damage or reimburse any expenses arising therefrom, unless the error or omission was caused by its negligence.

Role of the Portfolio Manager

- 5.1 Role: The Portfolio Manager has the authority to act for the Client in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the Client has provided such instruction to NBIN. NBIN will follow the Portfolio Manager's instructions regarding Transaction for the Account, in every respect without having to confirm with the Client any such Instruction in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 5.2 Liability: NBIN shall not assume any liability for the Portfolio Manager's investment decisions or Instruction placed with NBIN. The Client acknowledges, consequently, that NBIN is not in any way responsible for the financial consequences of the Portfolio Manager's investment decisions.
- 5.3 Indemnity: The Client shall be fully liable for the Instruction and other investment decisions of the Portfolio Manager and will hold NBIN harmless and indemnify NBIN on demand from and against any losses, damages, fees or debit balance in the Account.

6. Joint Account

6.1. Joint Account

Each of the Clients acting alone shall be authorized and empowered to deal in general with NBIN, with the same authority as if he were the sole party with interests in the Account, without NBIN having to notify the other Client. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, either of the Clients may individually:

i. sign, ratify, amend and rescind any agreement regarding the administration of the Account;

- ii. without any restrictions as to the beneficiary, sign, draw, issue, accept, authorize and endorse any cheque, promissory note, letter of exchange, money order, bank draft, payment order, transfer, electronic funds transfer or other instrument, as well as deposit any amount of money into the Account or make any withdrawal therefrom; and
- iii. have forwarded to NBIN and receive from the same any request, notice, confirmation, statement of account or communication of any kind with respect to the Account.

However, only the Portfolio Manager may give Instruction relating to the Account or give other instructions to NBIN including in respect to the use any free credit balance in the Account.

If a payment or delivery in favour of either of the Clients is made further to the request of one of the Clients, NBIN shall not be bound to inquire about the purpose of such request, nor its relevance, and NBIN may not be held liable for the consequences arising therefrom.

In the event of the death of a Client, the surviving Client or the Portfolio Manager shall notify NBIN forthwith in writing. The death of a Client shall affect the rights and obligations of the other because such rights and obligations are subject to the legislation applicable to each of the provinces in Canada where NBIN carries on its business. NBIN may, before or after the receipt of such notice, take the appropriate measures to protect its interests.

In the event of the death of a Client, NBIN may, where applicable, proceed to close the Account. The free credit balances and the Securities held in the Account shall then be remitted, transferred or delivered to either of the Clients or to the estate of the deceased Client.

6.2. Joint Account with Right of Survivorship (Except Quebec)

Each of the Clients acting alone shall be authorized and empowered to deal in general with NBIN, with the same authority as if he were the sole party with interests in the Account, without NBIN having to notify the other Client. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, either of the Clients may individually:

- i. sign, ratify, amend and rescind any agreement regarding the administration of the Account;
- ii. without any restrictions as to the beneficiary, sign, draw, issue, accept, authorize and endorse any cheque, promissory note, letter of exchange, money order, bank draft, payment order, transfer, electronic funds transfer or other instrument, as well as deposit any amount of money into the Account or make any withdrawal there from; and

iii. have forwarded to NBIN, and receive from the same any request, notice, confirmation, statement of account or communication of any kind with respect to the Account.

However, only the Portfolio Manager may give Instruction relating to the Account or give other instructions to NBIN including in respect to the use any free credit balance in the Account.

If a payment or delivery in favour of either of the Clients is made further to the request of one of the Clients, NBIN shall not be bound to inquire about the purpose of such request, nor its relevance, and NBIN may not be held liable for the consequences arising therefrom.

In the event of the death of a Client, the surviving Client or the Portfolio Manager shall notify NBIN forthwith in writing. It is the express intention of each of the clients to operate the Joint Account as joint holders with right of survivorship and not as owners in common. Each of the Clients shall therefore enjoy a right of survivorship with respect to the Securities and free credit balances deposited in the Joint Account.

The death of a Client shall not prevent the Portfolio Manager from giving Instructions on behalf of the surviving Client.

In the event of the death of a Client, the entire participation in the Account shall be assigned in favour of the surviving Client pursuant to the existing terms and conditions. The Account shall then become the exclusive property of the surviving Client, and the estate of the deceased Client shall not be entitled to assert any claims against NBIN regarding such assets.

Service without Suitability Validation

The Client acknowledges that he has not received any assistance from NBIN or its representatives to determine his investment needs and objectives, given the mandate entrusted to the Portfolio Manager.

The Client acknowledges and understands that NBIN shall not provide any investment advice or any recommendation and that NBIN shall not check the Suitability of the Instructions given by the Portfolio Manager. NBIN shall not assume any liability whatsoever for the appropriateness of the Portfolio Manager's investment decisions or the transactions placed in the Client's Account and, consequently, for any possible financial consequences or losses resulting thereform.

The Client acknowledges that NBIN shall have the discretionary right to review, reject, change or cancel any Transaction before transmitting it to the market concerned.

8. Instructions

- 8.1 Instructions: NBIN shall be authorized to act on the basis of any Instruction given by the Portfolio Manager. The Instructions transmitted and received by an automated transaction execution system, including telephone systems, personal computers and the Internet, shall be deemed to be accurate, and NBIN may not be held liable for having acted pursuant thereto. The Client agrees to hold NBIN harmless and to indemnify NBIN on demand from and against any losses, damages, expenses and fees that NBIN may incur as a result of or in connection with any transactions made in accordance with the Porftolio Manager's instructions and the Client agrees to pay NBIN on demand for any amounts due on their accounts.
- 8.2 Transactions in Account: The Client acknowledges and understands that he is not authorized to trade in his Account held at NBIN, and thus given the assignment to the Portfolio Manager.
- 8.3 Recording of Telephone Conversations: The Client agrees to the recording of all telephone conversations between him and NBIN and between the Portfolio Manager and NBIN. The Client agrees that the contents of such recording may be used for the purposes of evidence.
- 8.4 Use of the Internet: The Client, who's Portfolio Manager uses the Internet for trading agrees that the communications between him and NBIN and between the Portfolio Manager and NBIN may be made via the Internet, where applicable.

9. Securities Registration

- 9.1 Registration: The Client's Securities may, at NBIN's discretion, be registered in the name of NBIN or of an agent or representative designated by NBIN. The Client acknowledges that the Securities may be represented by certificates or documents other than those which evidenced the same when the Securities were acquired.
- 9.2 Custody of Securities: NBIN shall be the custodian of the Securities of the Client. NBIN may not use, in the course of its business operations, the Securities whose purchase price was paid in full and which are the exclusive property of the Client.
- 9.3 Custody of Securities Entrusted to a Third Party: The Client authorizes NBIN to entrust the custody of his Securities and of any income generated thereby and all proceeds from the disposition thereof to any investment dealer or financial institution deemed acceptable by NBIN, to the Canadian Depository for Securities Limited or to any other custodian carrying out similar functions.

10. Income and Credit Balances

- 10.1 Income: Any interest, dividend, net proceeds from disposition and any other amount received for the Securities of the Client shall be credited by NBIN to the Client's Account.
- 10.2 Credit Balances: Any credit balance in the Account shall bear interest at the rate then in effect at NBIN.
- 10.3 Free Credit Balances: Any free credit balance in the Account shall be payable on demand. It shall be recorded in the books of NBIN on a regular basis, shall not be segregated and may be used by NBIN in the course of its business operations within the limits prescribed by regulatory authorities.

11. Confirmation Notice and Statement of Account

- 11.1 Trade Confirmation: Whenever NBIN sends a trade confirmation notice to the Portfolio Manager on behalf of the Client, the Portfolio Manager, on behalf of the Client, undertakes to verify the accuracy thereof and to notify NBIN of any error or omission in the contents within three (3) days of the receipt thereof, at the end of which the Portfolio Manager, on behalf of the Client, shall have agreed to and definitively approved the contents of the trade confirmation, which shall then be considered accurate and may no longer be subject to any dispute. NBIN may send a trade confirmation to the Client, if the Client has opted to receive trade confirmations.
- 11.2 Statement of Account: Whenever NBIN sends a statement of account to the Client, the latter undertakes to verify the accuracy thereof and to notify NBIN of any error or omission in the contents within thirty (30) days of the receipt thereof. Except with regard to the contents of the Confirmation notices approved by the Client under this Agreement, the Client shall agree to and definitively approve, at the expiry of the period of thirty (30) days, the contents of the statement of account, which shall then be considered accurate and may no longer be subject to any dispute.
- 11.3 Expiry of Time Periods: At the expiry of the time periods mentioned in Sections 11.1 and 11.2, the Client acknowledges that he may no longer exercise against NBIN or any other custodian of the Securities any recourse directly or indirectly in connection with the subject matter of the Confirmation notice and the statement of account.

12. Short Sales

Except in a margin account specifically opened for such purpose, the Client shall not give any order to sell a Security that he does not own or that he cannot deliver in an acceptable and negotiable form by the settlement date.

13. Liquidity of Securities

The Client warrants that any Securities delivered by him or for his Account may be sold freely and may be transferred to the books of the issuer without any need to obtain any authorization whatsoever or any order to file a declaration or to give notice.

14. Settlement of Transactions

The Client shall pay NBIN for all Securities purchased on his behalf and deliver to NBIN all Securities sold on his behalf which are not already in the custody of NBIN or any other custodian, no later than on the scheduled settlement date of the Transaction.

If the Client fails to make payment or to deliver the Securities on the date of settlement, NBIN may, at its discretion and without prior notice to the Client, finalize the Transaction as it may deem appropriate, including (1) by selling the Securities held in another Account of the Client; (2) by purchasing or borrowing all the Securities causing the Account to be short; (3) by cancelling or amending any outstanding Instruction; or (4) by exercising any other right or recourse provided for in the Agreement or by taking any other measure deemed necessary to protect its interests.

The Client shall then pay to NBIN any and all damages, costs and expenses incurred by NBIN to finalize the Transaction. The net proceeds from such Transactions shall be applied to the payment of any amount due by the Client to NBIN without however lessening the liability of the Client to repay any remaining amount.

15. Principal Transactions

NBIN may act as principal in executing Transactions for the Client. The Client agrees to approve any Transaction in which NBIN has acted as principal and to pay the resulting transaction fees.

16. Commissions and Other General Fees

- 16.1 Commissions and Other General Fees: The Client shall pay to NBIN brokerage commissions for executing Transactions made in his Account as well as all the general fees incurred while administering his Account, pursuant to the Commission Schedule (if applicable) and NBIN Statement of Disclosure of Fees and Charges for clients of Portfolio Managers and terms and conditions of NBIN then in effect. The Client acknowledges having been informed of the fee rates (commissions and general fees) set out in detail in the fee schedule as well as of the terms and conditions of NBIN currently in force.
- 16.2 Currency Exchange: If a trade is made involving a security which is denominated in a currency other than the currency of the accounting which the trade

is to settle, a conversion of currency may be required. In all such transactions and at any time a conversion of currency is made, NBIN will act as principal with the Client in converting the currency at rates established or determined by NBIN or parties related to NBIN. NBIN and the parties related to NBIN may earn revenue, in addition to the commission applicable to such a trade, based on the spread between the applicable bid and ask rates for the currency. Conversion of currency, if required, will take place at the trade date.

16.3 Fixed Income Fees: NBIN or parties related to NBIN, may act as principal or agent in fixed income transactions. NBIN or parties related to NBIN may earn revenue on the spread between the bid and ask prices.

17. Amounts Owed by the Client

- 17.1 Amounts Owed: All amounts owed by the Client to NBIN under the Agreement as a result of the Transaction or Instruction executed by NBIN, expenses or otherwise shall be payable to NBIN on demand.
- 17.2 Interest Rates: All amounts owed to NBIN shall bear interest commencing on the due date thereof or, in the case of a payment or an advance made by NBIN, as of the date of payment or the date of the advance.
- 17.3 Computation of Interest Payable: The interest payable shall be computed daily and compounded monthly at the interest rate designated from time to time by NBIN as being its effective rate for determining interest on debt balances in accounts with NBIN and the Client waives notice of all changes in such rates.

18. Right of Set-Off

If the Client fails to pay any amount owed to NBIN, NBIN can exercise a right of set-off by withdrawing all or part of the Cash balance, and selling or redeeming any Securities or other financial assets held in, or credited to, any of the Accounts the client holds with NBIN and apply the cash proceeds thereof to pay what the Client owes to NBIN. NBIN may exercise the rights conferred under this section without publication, notice or demand to the Client. This applies also to joint Accounts and Accounts the Client has guaranteed.

NBIN will only exercise a right of set-off under this Agreement and take Securities or cash from the Client Accounts if the Client fails to pay any amount owed to NBIN. If the Client owes more than the value of the financial assets in the Account, the Client is still responsible for paying the full amount owed to NBIN.

19. Hypothec (Applicable in Quebec) and **Security Interest**

- 19.1 In order to guarantee the payment of all the amounts owed by the Client to NBIN in the future, the Client hereby grants to NBIN a security interest, and in Quebec, a hypothec, in all asset, including but not limited to all Securities and Cash balances held, registered or credited in any of the Client's Accounts (the "Collateral") now or at any future time. With respect to any Collateral which is subject to the laws of Quebec, since the laws of such province require that the amount of the hypothec be specified, such hypothec is granted for a sum of \$100,000,000. To that end, the Client hereby grants NBIN control over the Collateral. This amount does not represent the amount of the Client's obligation to NBIN or the amount of any credit available to the Client by NBIN. The hypothec has no practical impact, unless the Client owes amounts to NBIN.
- 19.2 NBIN may hold the Collateral at any location and through any third party in NBIN's name and NBIN can show this agreement to any third party to prove that NBIN controls the Collateral.

20. Use of Securities and Collateral

- 20.1 In the event the Client owes any amount to NBIN, NBIN may use the Collateral, in whole or in part, without notice to the Client or prior permission, to conduct its normal business, including:
 - a) pledging, hypothecating and otherwise using it as security for any indebtedness of NBIN;
 - b) selling, redeeming or otherwise disposing of it, without having to give any prior notice to the Client and without needing to observe any time limits or grace periods;
 - c) lending all or part of it and use them, either separately or together with other securities, in the day-to-day management of its business;
 - d) transferring the Collateral held in any Account of the Client to any other Accounts held by the Client at NBIN.

NBIN can also use any Collateral held in, or credited to, the Accounts of the Client to deliver when NBIN completes a sale for the Account of the Client, for the account of another person, or for any account in which NBIN has a direct or indirect interest.

If NBIN uses any securities from the Collateral, NBIN will value them at the market value on the date NBIN uses them and will follow its usual practices to determine their value.

If the Client owes NBIN more than the value of the Collateral, The Client is still responsible for paying the full amount owed to NBIN.

21. Other Rights

21.1 If the Client owes any amount to NBIN, NBIN may also:

- 21.1.1 Cancel any of the outstanding Instructions or orders:
- 21.1.2 Enter stop loss orders for any Securities in the Account of the Client and withdraw or change any such stop loss orders;
- 21.1.3 Take any other steps allowed by this agreement or the law.

NBIN can exercise any of these rights separately or in any combination it wants. NBIN may alone decide which securities held or credited to the Accounts of the Client to sell and which ones to keep.

If NBIN exercises its right to withdraw Cash or redeem or sell any Securities held in, or credited to, in the Account of the Client, NBIN will apply the cash proceeds thereof to pay what the Client owes to NBIN and return the Cash and Securities that are left in the Client Account.

If NBIN chooses not to exercise any of its rights in this agreement, it does not mean NBIN has given up or waived any of those rights. If NBIN decides not to hold the Client to any provision in the agreement NBIN can still hold the Client to other provisions in the agreement. And if NBIN decides not to hold the Client to any provision in the agreement it is for that one time only, unless NBIN expressly say otherwise in writing.

22. Powers of NBIN

NBIN reserves the right to close the Account, to limit the Transactions in the Account, at any time and without notice.

23. Amendment by NBIN

NBIN may amend the provisions of the Agreement by way of a written notice of thirty (30) days given to the Client. The amendments shall take effect at the end of the period of thirty (30) days following the receipt of the said notice by the Client.

24. Amendment by the Client

The Client may not make any amendment, modification, addition or waiver in respect of one or more of the terms and conditions of the Agreement unless the same is evidenced in a document expressly modifying the terms of the Agreement, and such document is signed by the Client and an Authorized Officer of NBIN.

25. Death of the Client

Upon the Client's death, and until receipt of any documentation prescribed by law and required by NBIN as part of the handling of the estate, NBIN may execute, upon the instructions of the apparent liquidator or a presumed heir, any Transaction of a conservatory nature. NBIN may, however, refuse at its discretion to execute any Instruction and may not be held liable for any loss or damage, whether direct or indirect, arising from the application of this section.

26. Termination

NBIN may terminate this Agreement at any time simply by way of a written notice to the Client. The Client may also terminate the Agreement by way of a written notice to NBIN. Unless otherwise agreed, termination of the Agreement shall take place within three (3) business days following receipt of the notice sent therefore by either of the parties.

27. Account Transfer

If the Client transfers his Account held with NBIN to another institution, NBIN is authorized to limit or suspend the Transactions in the Account and to cancel any open orders once notified of that request by the receiving institution. The Client undertakes that no Instruction is to be transmitted to NBIN after having initiated an Account transfer request and that all open orders, which remains unfilled, can be cancelled. NBIN may not be held liable for any loss or damage, whether direct or indirect, arising from the application of this section.

28. Canadian Investor Protection Fund

NBIN is a member of the Canadian Investor Protection Fund (CIPF). Customers' accounts are protected by the Canadian Investor Protection Fund within specified limits. A brochure describing the nature and limits of coverage is available upon request.

29. Liability of NBIN

NBIN acts as agent (in Quebec, as mandatory) of the Client, as a consequence, NBIN shall not in any way be liable for any investment decisions, Transactions or Instructions in respect of the Accounts.

NBIN is not liable for any kind of loss, damage or expense that the Client, the Portfolio Manager or anyone else may experience in connection with the Accounts, including for any kind of loss, damage or expense arising out or as a result of NBIN's failure to act on any Instruction, carrying out any Instruction incorrectly, failure to provide information, providing inaccurate information or failure to provide any service, except in the case of negligence.

The Client is solely responsible for knowing about developments related to investments in the Account, such as stock splits, reorganizations and consolidations. NBIN does not have to notify the Client about such developments, unless required by law.

The Client is solely responsible for making sure that any information provided to NBIN is accurate.

NBIN shall not be liable for any kind of loss, damage or expense caused directly or indirectly by a delay in the receipt or execution of an Instruction, periods of abnormal or unusual activity on the markets, government restrictions, decisions of an exchange or over the-counter market, trading halts, or any other case or Act of God (wars, strikes and lock-outs, etc.) that cannot be foreseen by NBIN and are beyond its reasonable control.

NBIN shall not be liable for errors or omissions with respect to Instructions, the execution thereof or any fact related thereto and consequently, NBIN shall not be bound to compensate for any loss, repair any damage or reimburse any expenses arising therefrom, unless such error or omission was caused by its negligence.

30. Applicable Law

- 30.1 Applicable Law: Insofar as the home address or permanent address of the Client, where applicable, is located in Canada, the Agreement shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Client's province of residence at the time of the signing of this Agreement. Otherwise, the Agreement shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario.
- 30.2 Transactions Subject to Applicable Law: The Client acknowledges that all Transactions made in his Account shall be subject to applicable legislations and regulations, including to the rulings, rules, orders, policies and guidelines of applicable authority, including exchanges, marketplaces clearing corporations, securities regulatory authorities and the self-regulatory organizations, as amended, superseded or replaced from time to time. The Client is solely responsible to determine whether any Transaction is permitted under applicable law before placing any instruction.

31. Assignment and Successors

The Agreement shall be binding upon NBIN, the Client and their successors and assigns, as applicable. The Agreement shall remain valid notwithstanding any incidental, temporary or intermittent closures, or any reopening or any change in the numbering of the Account. The Client shall not assign this Agreement, nor the rights and obligations arising therefrom. NBIN may assign the agreement or Account to another party, including a company associated or affiliated with NBIN, after notice to the Client.

32. Communications

- 32.1 Notice to the Client or to the Portfolio Manager: Any notice, document or communication intended for the Client or Portfolio Manager may be delivered by personal delivery, courier, mail, facsimile or transmitted electronically, including by email.
- 32.2 Notice to NBIN: Any notice, document or communication intended for NBIN shall be sent postage-paid to the following address:

NBIN 130 King Street West, Suite 3000, PO Box 21, Toronto, Ontario, M5X 1J9

32.3 Receipt: NBIN, the Client and the Portfolio Manager shall be deemed to have received any notice, document or communication by the third (3rd) business day following the mailing thereof by prepaid envelope or on the day of its delivery by hand or by courier. The Client and the Portfolio Manager shall be deemed to have received any document on the same day as it was sent by facsimile machine or electronically.

33. Headings

The headings of the sections of the Agreement are included for convenience of reference only and may not at any time be used to interpret the Agreement.

34. Gender and Number

Wherever so required by the context, a word expressing the masculine gender shall include the feminine, and the singular shall include the plural unless otherwise indicated in the context or the context does not lend itself thereto.

35. Invalidity of a Provision

If any provision is held to be invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect the application of the other provisions of the Agreement, which shall remain in full force and effect and shall continue to be complied with as if the invalid or unenforceable provision was not incorporated therein.

36. Coming into Force and Scope

This Agreement shall come into force and shall become binding upon the Client and NBIN upon acceptance by NBIN of the Portfolio Manager's Instructions regarding the Client's Account for the first time.

The provisions of this Agreement are separate provisions in addition to all other provisions contained in the "Margin Agreement, "Options Trading Agreement" or other agreement related to the Account.

37. Relationship between NBIN and National Bank of Canada

NBF is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of National Bank of Canada. You must be informed that your Account is opened with NBIN, a division of NBF, and not with National Bank of Canada. You must also be informed that NBF is a separate legal entity from National Bank of Canada. Unless otherwise notified by NBIN, the securities purchased from or through NBIN in your Account at NBIN are not insured by a government deposit insurer, nor are they guaranteed by the National Bank and may fluctuate in value.

38. Notice to Clients Residing in the United States

As a Canadian securities dealer, NBIN must advise all of its clients residing in the United States that their accounts held at NBIN are not regulated under the United States securities laws and that NBIN is not subject to the United States broker-dealer regulations.

39. Other Information

NBF is an investment dealer registered under securities regulations in the following provinces and territories: Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Ontario, Prince Edward Island, Quebec, Saskatchewan, Newfoundland and Labrador, Northwest Territories, Yukon and Nunavut.

40. Applicable in Quebec

The parties hereto have requested that this Agreement and any notice and other related documents be drawn up in English.

Les parties aux présentes ont demandé que ce contrat et les documents s'y rapportant soient rédigés en anglais.

Margin Account Agreement

In consideration of NBIN agreeing to open and maintain a Margin Account in the name of the Client, the Client agrees to be bound by the following terms and conditions.

By requesting that NBIN open a Margin Account, the Client understands that they are providing the Portfolio Manager with the opportunity to borrow money on the Client's behalf.

By opening a Margin Account, the Client acknowledges the risks pertaining to trading on margin and assumes the consequences arising therefrom, as set out in the Margin Account Agreement.

The Client understands the risks pertaining to trading on margin and that while investing with borrowed funds may magnify returns, it may also magnify losses. The Client declares they have the required knowledge, necessary experience and required financial resources to carry out and support any trading on margin.

References

The terms and conditions of the Client Account Agreement shall form an integral part of this Margin Account Agreement, including the necessary adjustments in view of the context of a Margin Account. If there's a conflict between the terms and conditions in the Client Account Agreement and this Margin Account Agreement, this Margin Account Agreement will rule.

2. Margin

- 2.1 Margin: Regulations dictate the maximum borrowing value of each Security. Some Securities have no borrowing value. NBIN can also establish a lower borrowing value than the maximum borrowing value established by regulations. The Client undertakes to maintain at all times the required amount of Cash and/or Securities that can be used for margin borrowing in the margin Account, as established from time to time by NBIN at its entire discretion. NBIN may cancel access to margin at its sole discretion and without notice to the Client.
- 2.2 Additional Margin: NBIN may require additional margin at any time for any reason. The Client also undertakes to furnish additional margin by providing additional Cash and/or Securities whenever requested by NBIN.
- 2.3 Margin Call: NBIN may issue a margin call by any means of communication to the Portfolio Manager, namely in writing, by telephone, by fax, by messenger or by email. For greater clarity, margin calls shall be addressed exclusively to the Portfolio Manager. Any margin call communicated by NBIN to the Portfolio Manager shall be deemed to have been communicated to the Client, who undertakes to meet forthwith any margin calls. Under certain circumstances, NBIN has the right, without the need to issue a margin call, to sell part or all of the securities in the Account of the Client, or to purchase Securities for which the Account is overdrawn in order to meet the obligations of the Client.

3. Failure to Meet a Margin Call

If the Client fails to meet a margin call, NBIN may choose to take any measure to protect its interests and without having to give prior notice to the Client, including:

- a) buy any Securities causing the Client's margin Securities held for the Client's account;
- sell any Securities held for the Client's account; b)
- cancel any Transaction Order being executed; or c)
- take any other measure deemed necessary to protect its interests, including to transfer to the margin Account, at any time following a Transaction, any cash in any of the Accounts of the Client.

The net proceeds resulting from such transactions shall be applied to the payment of any amounts owed by the Client to NBIN. If the Client owes more than the total value of the Cash and Securities held in all of the accounts it holds with NBIN, the Client shall remain liable for any remaining deficiency, along with all accumulated fees and interests.

4. Interest on Credit

The Client agrees to pay interest on any credit granted by NBIN for the trading of Securities in the Margin Account, including any borrowing fee that could arise from short sales. Interest rates are available upon request, please contact your Portfolio Manager. The interest on the loan is calculated monthly on your debit balance, on a daily basis.

5. Use of Securities

As long as the Client's Securities are not fully paid, NBIN may use such Securities as follows:

- a) lend all or part of it and use them, either separately or together with other securities, in the day-to-day management of its business;
- b) pledge, hypothecate and otherwise use it as security for any indebtedness of NBIN;
- c) deliver said Securities to against a sale made for the account of another person, without having to keep in its possession or under its control Securities of the same nature and of the same amount; and
- d) use them to make delivery against a sale of NBIN acting as principal or for an account in which NBIN or one of its directors has a direct or indirect interest.

6. Short Sales

When the Portfolio Manager places an Instruction on behalf of the Client for a sale, NBIN will consider that the Client owns the Securities that the Client wishes to sell, unless specified otherwise to NBIN. If the Portfolio Manager places an Instruction on behalf of the Client for a short sale, NBIN must be notified that the Client does not own the Securities to be sold.

To complete a short sale, NBIN will borrow Securities from third parties, and sell them for the Account of the Client. The Client undertakes to maintain at all times the required amount of margin for securities borrowing, as established from time to time by NBIN at its entire discretion. Fees will also be required from the Client for borrowing securities to cover the short sale. The third parties from whom NBIN borrows securities may request them back at any time. As a result, the Client agrees to return all borrowed securities by purchasing equivalent positions at current market prices. At any time, NBIN may purchase Securities for the Account of the Client, especially, in order to reimburse the lending party, if aregulatory authority demands that NBIN replaces the Securities that were used to carry out the short sale, or for any other reason. The Client agrees to pay any fees that could arise from short sale.

7. Collection of Information

The Client acknowledges that the information gathered regarding him, including information on his financial condition and creditworthiness, contains essential elements on which NBIN bases itself to extend margin loans.

Consequently, the Client shall authorize NBIN, as long as he has a Margin Account with NBIN, to obtain from any financial institution, any personal information agency, any employer, any landlord or any other person, all the information deemed useful with respect to his financial condition and creditworthiness and for such purpose, the Client authorizes NBIN to deliver on to such persons.

Options Trading Agreement

In consideration of NBIN agreeing to allow any Options Trading in the Client's name, the Client agrees to be bound by the following terms and conditions:

References 1.

The terms and conditions of the Client Account Agreement and the Margin Account Agreement shall form an integral part of this Options Trading Agreement, including the necessary adjustments in view of the context of allowing Options Trading. If there's a conflict between the terms and conditions in the Client Account Agreement and the Margin Account Agreement with the terms and conditions in this Options Trading Agreement, this Options Trading Agreement will rule.

2. Options

NBIN shall act, from time to time, as a dealer for the purchase, sale or execution of put and call options that can be traded on an exchange, marketplace or clearing corporation (hereinafter called the "Options").

3. **Financial Resources**

The Client understands the risks pertaining to trading in Options and declares having the required knowledge, necessary experience and required financial resources to carry out and support any Options trade in which he may participate.

4. Regulations Governing Options

Every Options Transaction is governed by:

- > the exchange on which the option is traded or issued;
- > the clearing corporation issuing the option;
- any other applicable regulatory body or self-regulatory organization; and
- > any additional rule, policies or requirements imposed by NBIN, from time to time.

The Client further acknowledges having read and understood the Derivatives Risk Disclosure Statement. If required by applicable laws or upon request, NBIN may be required to provide regulatory authorities with information and/or reports related to position and exercise limits, as well as reporting of derivative position and transactions.

5. Limits

The Client undertakes to comply with any limits, conditions or restrictions, including position limits, maximum limits on short positions, exercise limits, margin requirements, and all other requirements determined by NBIN and applicable exchanges, clearing corporations, regulatory body or self-regulatory organizations, as amended from time to time. NBIN reserves the right to modify transactions and trading limits or any other restrictions at its own discretion.

The Client acknowledges that limits may be set on short positions, and that in the last ten (10) days preceding the expiry of an Option, a cash-only basis may apply for Transactions, which may vary at the option of NBIN and applicable exchanges, clearing corporations regulatory body or self-regulatory organization.

The Client understands that it cannot exercise a long position involving traded options if, within five (5) consecutive days before or after, the Client, acting alone or in concert with others, has any direct or indirect interest in an aggregate long position that exceed the applicable limits. This restriction does not apply to over-the-counter options.

6. Other Transaction

The Client shall inform NBIN of any Option transaction entered into with any other broker, dealer, individual or other entity, prior to or at the same time with any Option Transaction executed through NBIN. The Client shall indemnify NBIN for any loss or liability suffered as the result of the Client's failure to notify NBIN of such Transaction.

7. Assignment

NBIN will allocate exercise notice and assignment of exercise notices for Options on random selection basis or otherwise, as it may deem appropriate and consistent with the regulations, rule and policies of the exchange on which the Option is traded if applicable.

Business Hours and Timing of Instructions

The Client shall provide Instructions to NBIN in a timely manner concerning the sale, close-out or exercise of any Option or any other action to be taken regarding his Options. The Client acknowledges that NBIN shall have no duty or obligation to take any measures with regard to the Options or exercise the Client's Options before their expiry without specific instructions from the Client. The Client may give Instructions during local business hours. NBIN may execute the Instructions at any time when the applicable exchange is opened for trading. With respect to expiring Options, Instructions must be received by NBIN by no later than 4:00 p.m., Eastern time, on the business day preceding the expiry date of the Option. NBIN may take any action with respect to an Option that at its sole discretion determines should be taken if the Client fails to give timely Instructions.

Discretion of NBIN

Any Instruction to trade an Option may be refused by NBIN at its entire discretion. The Client acknowledges that NBIN has no duty or obligation to exercise an Option without specific instructions to that effect. NBIN may execute Transactions acting as principal on the other side of a transaction or as part of larger transactions for the Client and others. NBIN may also act for other clients on the other side of a Transaction as it may consider advisable, subject, however, to the rules of the applicable exchange. The Client consents and agrees to confirm any Transactions in the Account in which NBIN acts as a market maker or principal in the purchase or sale of Options. The Client agrees that any charge to the Client expressed as a commission for any purchase or sale of Options where NBIN act as a market maker or principal will be considered to be a sum payable increasing the cost to the Client of such Transactions.

Should NBIN deem it necessary or desirable, particularly in the case of insolvency, death, bankruptcy, or any other event that could change the Client's financial condition, NBIN may, without having to first notify the Client, take all the measures required to protect its interests against any losses. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, NBIN may, in particular, sell any Securities held for the Client's account, purchase any Securities for which the Client's Account is short, or buy or sell any uncovered Options for the Client's account and at his risk. The Client agrees to pay interests on credit held or maintained by NBIN.

10. Delays

The Client acknowledges that an exercise notice in respect of an expired option position may reach him several days after trading has ceased on the said Option since listed expiring Options cease to be traded some time before the scheduled hour in order to allow the last exercise notice to be allocated, and that administrative delays and delays in transmission due to failures or the slowness of the information transmission or communication system may occur. The Client further acknowledges that such a delay may cause him to suffer an unexpected loss, for which NBIN is not liable, and that for such purpose, NBIN has specific margin rules for Clients who contract expiring Options.

11. Liability of NBIN

NBIN may not be held liable for errors and omissions affecting an order or the execution thereof regarding the purchase, sale, execution or expiry of Options or any other Options Transaction unless such error or omission is caused by NBIN's negligence. If there is an error in filling an order to buy or sell an option, NBIN is entitled to correct the error by filling the order at the market price that was in effect when the order should have been filled.

12. Accuracy and Change of Information

The Client confirms that any information provided concerning the opening of an Options Trading Account is complete and accurate. The Client further undertakes to inform NBIN of any changes affecting his financial condition and investor profile, including, without limiting the scope thereof, any Options trading restriction to which he may be subject.

Derivatives Risk Disclosure Statement

This risk disclosure statement does not disclose all of the risks and other significant considerations associated with trading in derivatives. In light of the variety of risks involved, you should undertake such transactions only if you understand the nature of the contracts, the contractual relationships into which you are entering and the extent of your exposure to risk. Trading in derivatives is not suitable for everyone and often entails a high level of risk. Trading in derivatives should be made with caution and you should carefully consider whether such transactions are appropriate for you in light of your personal and financial circumstances, investment needs and objectives, investment knowledge, risk profile, investment time horizon, and other relevant circumstances. You should consult with your own business, legal, tax and account advisers before engaging into such transactions.

You may lose more than the amount of funds deposited

A characteristic of many derivatives is that you are only required to deposit funds that correspond to a portion of your total potential obligations and yet your profits or losses are based on changes in the total value of the derivative. This inherent leverage characteristic means that losses incurred can greatly exceed the amount of funds deposited. A relatively small market movement will have a proportionately larger impact on the funds you have deposited or will have to deposit. Your dealer may require you to deposit additional funds on short notice to maintain your position as the value of the derivative changes. If you fail to deposit these funds, your dealer may close out your position at a loss without warning and you will be liable for any resulting deficit in your account.

Using borrowed funds carries greater risk

Using borrowed funds to finance a derivatives transaction involves greater risk than using cash resources only. If you borrow money, your responsibility to repay the loan and pay interest as required by its terms remains the same even if the value of the derivative declines.

Deposited cash and property

You should familiarize yourself with the protections accorded to money or other property you deposit for domestic and foreign transactions, particularly in the event of a firm insolvency or bankruptcy. The extent to which you may recover your money or property may be governed by specific legislation or local rules.

Commission and other charges

Before you begin to trade, you should obtain a clear explanation of all commission, fees and other charges for which you will be liable. These charges will affect your net profit (if any) or increase your loss.

Fluctuations in price or value

The price and value of derivatives can be adversely affected by volatile market conditions and such occurrences may significantly increase your risk exposure. There are a variety of market factors and conditions which can directly or indirectly affect derivatives such as market demand and supply, interest rate, foreign currency exchange rate, indices, commodity prices, equity prices, investor perception and other political or economic factors. Since derivatives are linked to one or multiple underlying interests, the price or value of the derivatives may also be subject to considerable fluctuations due to the risks associated with the underlying interest. The level of sensitivity of an underlying interest with specific market conditions can have wide implications on the value of derivatives linked to that underlying interest. For example, when two or more factors are affecting one or more underlying interests of a derivative, its value may become unpredictable. A small movement in the price of one underlying interest can cause a sudden and large fluctuation in a derivative's value.

Hedging and risk management strategies

Hedging transactions may require constant monitoring. A failure to adjust your hedging transaction in light of changing market conditions may result in the position becoming either under-hedged or over-hedged and losses can ensue.

The placing of certain orders (e.g. "stop-loss" or "stop-limit" orders) which are intended to limit losses to certain amounts may not be effective because market conditions may make it impossible to execute such orders. Strategies using combinations of positions, such as "spread" and "straddle" positions may be as risky as taking simple "long" or "short" positions.

Listed derivatives

Under certain market conditions, you may find it difficult or impossible to liquidate or offset an existing position on a marketplace (e.g. buy-to-close or sell-to-close order). This can occur, for example, when the market reaches a daily price fluctuation limit ("daily price limit" or "circuit breakers").

You should ask your dealer about the terms and conditions of the specific derivatives which you are trading and associated obligations. Under certain circumstances the specifications of outstanding contracts may be modified by the marketplace or clearing house to reflect changes in the underlying interest.

Over-the-counter derivatives

Over-the-counter derivatives (OTC derivatives) trading is not done on a marketplace. Your dealer is your trading counterparty. When you sell, your dealer is the buyer and when you buy, your dealer is the seller. As a result, when you lose money trading, your dealer may be making money on such trades, in addition to any fees, commissions, or spreads it may charge.

An electronic trading platform for trading OTC derivatives such as contracts for difference and foreign exchange contracts is not a marketplace. It is an electronic connection for accessing your dealer. You are accessing that trading platform only to transact with your dealer. You are not trading with any other entities or clients of the dealer by accessing such platform. The availability and operation of any such platform, including the consequences of the unavailability of the trading platform for any reason, is governed only by the terms of your account agreement with the dealer.

You are limited to your dealer to offset or liquidate any trading positions since the transactions are not made on a marketplace. As such, it may be difficult or impossible to liquidate an existing position. The customized nature of certain OTC derivatives may also add to illiquidity.

The terms of OTC derivative contracts are generally not standardized, and the prices and characteristics are often individually negotiated with your dealer. A central source to obtain or compare prices may not exist. It may be difficult to assess the value, to determine a fair price or to assess the exposure to risk. You should ask your dealer about the terms and conditions of the OTC derivative contracts you are trading and understand the related rights and obligations.

Legal Entity Agreement

Resolution

If the legal entity is a corporation, the following resolution was duly adopted by its board of directors and is still in full force and effect.

It is resolved:

That one or several brokerage accounts be opened with NBIN (hereinafter the "Broker").

That the designated authorized representatives be and are hereby authorized individually to manage and administer the corporation's property and to deal in general with the Broker for and on behalf of the corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the authorized representatives have, in particular, the power to act for the following purposes:

- Open one or several accounts with the Broker without any restriction as to the type of account, including cash accounts, margin accounts, short margin accounts (hereinafter, individually and collectively, referred to as the "Account") and execute for and on behalf of the corporation, all documents relating to the opening and administration of such Account, all in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in the Broker's forms and agreements;
- Perform all transactions relating to the Account including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, buying, selling, accepting, receiving, assigning, delivering, endorsing, transferring, conveying or otherwise trading any securities registered in the legal entity's name that are currently or will eventually be assigned to it and use any free credit balance deposited and entered in the Account;
- > Without restriction as to the beneficiary, sign, draw, issue, accept, authorize and endorse any cheques, notes, bills of exchange, money orders, drafts, payment authorizations, transfers, electronic funds transfers and other instruments on behalf of the corporation and deposit and withdraw any amount of money on behalf of the corporation;
- > Transmit to and receive from the broker any application, notice, confirmation, statement of account and communication of any kind relating to the corporation's account;

That the Broker be provided with a list of the corporation's authorized representatives, their title and a specimen of their signature and that the Broker be immediately notified in writing of the appointment of a new authorized representative, of the death, legal incapacity, bankruptcy, insolvency, resignation or withdrawal of any authorized representative, as well as of any other change that may affect the list of the corporation's authorized representatives.

That each and every act, agreement and transaction made or executed on behalf of the corporation that have been or will be attributed to the corporation by its authorized representatives be and are hereby irrevocably ratified and confirmed;

That this resolution shall remain in effect and be binding upon the corporation until revoked by written notice given to the Broker.

Borrowing by-law

Each authorized representative individually has, on behalf of the corporation, all the rights and powers mentioned in this borrowing by-law and, more specifically, may sign any arrangement or agreement with the Broker at such times and for such amounts and under such conditions as deemed appropriate for the following purposes:

- > To grant security or liens, mortgage, pledge, assign, convey, hypothecate or charge in any manner whatsoever all or part of the personal or real, tangible or intangible, present and future property of the corporation in order to guarantee the execution of any of the obligations of the corporation towards the Broker;
- > To obtain loans or cash advances consisting of, but not exclusively, margins or short accounts;
- > To determine the interest rate, term, amortization and terms and conditions of repayment of such loans or cash advances.

Mandate

If the legal entity is a partnership, an association or an investment club, the following provisions govern its relationships.

That one or several brokerage accounts be opened with NBIN (hereinafter the "Broker").

That the designated authorized representatives be and are hereby authorized individually to manage and administer the property of the legal entity and to deal in general with the Broker for and on behalf of the legal entity. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the authorized representatives have, in particular, the power to act for the following purposes:

› Open one or several accounts with the Broker without any restriction as to the type of account, including cash accounts, margin accounts, short margin accounts (hereinafter, individually and collectively, referred to as "the Account") and execute for and on behalf of the legal entity all documents relating to the opening and administration of such Account, all in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in the Broker's account opening forms and agreements;

- > Perform all transactions relating to the Account, including, without limitation, buying, selling, accepting, receiving, assigning, delivering, endorsing, transferring, conveying or otherwise trading any securities registered in the name of the legal entity that are currently or will eventually be assigned to the legal entity and using and disposing of any free cash balance deposited and entered in the Account;
- Without restriction as to the beneficiary, sign, draw, issue, accept, authorize and endorse any cheques, notes, bills of exchange, money orders, drafts, payment authorizations, transfers, electronic fund transfers and other instruments on behalf of the legal entity and deposit and withdraw any amount of money on behalf of the legal entity;
- Transmit to and receive from the Broker any application, notice, confirmation, statement of account and communication of any kind relating to the legal entity's Account;
- Sign any arrangement or agreement with the Broker, at such times and for such amounts and under such conditions as deemed appropriate for the following purposes:
 - Obtain loans or cash advances consisting of, but not exclusively, margins or short accounts;
 - Determine the interest rate, term, amortization and terms and conditions of repayment of such loans or cash advances;
 - Grant security or liens, mortgage, pledge, assign, convey, hypothecate or charge in any manner whatsoever all or part of the legal entity's personal or real, tangible or intangible, present and future property in order to guarantee the execution of any of the obligations towards the Broker.

That the Broker be provided with a list of the legal entity's authorized representatives, their address as well as a specimen of their signature and that the Broker be immediately notified in writing of the appointment of a new authorized representative, the death, legal incapacity, bankruptcy, insolvency, resignation or withdrawal of any authorized representative, as well as any other change that may affect the list of authorized representatives.

That each and every act, agreement and transaction made or executed on behalf of the legal entity that have been or will be attributed to the legal entity by its authorized representatives be and are hereby irrevocably ratified and confirmed.

Obligations

In consideration of the Broker's relationship with the legal entity, each of the authorized representatives personally, jointly and severally guarantees the Broker the payment in principal and interest for any indebtedness the legal entity owes the Broker, as well as any other related

charges or penalties, including extrajudicial fees incurred by the Broker in recovering any amount that is owed him, as well as the costs incurred in the enforcement of any other obligation the legal entity may owe towards the Broker, from any source whatsoever (hereinafter referred to as the "Legal Entity's Obligations"). Each of the authorized representatives agrees upon demand from the Broker, to immediately honour the payment or enforcement of all of the Legal Entity's Obligations, at whatever time, concerning any claim, including any claim resulting from a notice of purchase or sale or as a result of a margin call made on the legal entity's Account. Accordingly, each of the authorized representatives waives all benefits of division and discussion.

Any request for payment may be sent by the Broker to any of the authorized representatives by mail at his last known address with the said request for payment being deemed to have been drawn-up on the date of its mailing. The amount specified on any request for payment bears interest and shall be computed daily and compounded monthly at the interest rate designated from time to time by NBIN.

In order to guarantee that all the Legal Entity's Obligations and all obligations entered into by the authorized representatives pursuant to this Mandate are met, each of the authorized representatives assigns and mortgages in favour of the Broker all titles, securities and credit balances held or registered at any time in all of its accounts held with the Broker, including interest, dividends, as well as all proceeds arising from their disposal and all other earnings arising therefrom (collectively referred to as the "Collateral") which are automatically pledged to the Broker and held under encumbrance and lien in favour of the Broker.

For all purposes of the creation, validity, perfection and registration of this pledge, the authorized representatives consent to the Collateral being held by a third party on behalf of the Broker. It is equally agreed that the Broker may give written evidence of this pledge to any third party, such as those holding the Collateral.

In the event of default by one of the authorized representatives and in any event where, according to practice, the Broker deems it reasonable and necessary in order to protect itself, it may, at its sole discretion, sell by mutual agreement or otherwise, all or part of the Collateral, at such a price and under such terms and conditions as it deems best in the circumstances. The Broker may also accept the Collateral as payment and exercise any other right prescribed by law or pursuant to this Mandate. The Broker may exercise these rights, without registration, notice, letter of demand or any other notice to the legal entity, the authorized representative or to third parties.

The Broker may exercise all rights and powers connected with the Collateral and act in respect of such Collateral as if it was the rightful owner. The remedies of the Broker may be exercised together or separately, and in the order that the Broker determines at its discretion. The Broker may apply the proceeds from the liquidation of instruments and securities to the payment of any expense incurred by it in the exercise of its rights and remedies, including to the payment of judicial and extrajudicial costs incurred, and/or to the payment of the Legal Entity's Obligations. The Broker will decide how any such amount will be applied.

All the Legal Entity's Obligations and all obligations entered into by the authorized representatives pursuant to this Mandate, together with the interest and charges relating thereto, may be charged to any account held by any one of the authorized representatives with the Broker. Therefore, the Broker is authorized to transfer the credit balance of any account held by the legal entity or any one of the authorized representatives with the Broker, to another account held by the legal entity showing a debit balance.

Accordingly, each of the authorized representatives irrevocably authorizes the Broker to take all necessary action in order to convert into liquid assets all instruments and securities held or registered in each of its accounts or those of the legal entity with the Broker and the authorized representatives agree that all amounts owed to the Broker as a result of this Mandate may be offset against the proceeds of the disposition of all titles, securities and other amounts payable to them by the Broker in respect of any of their accounts. The Broker will decide how any such amount will be applied.

This guarantee shall survive notwithstanding: any change of circumstances under which it was executed by the authorized representative, the termination of duties of any of the authorized representatives or the legal entity, or a change in such duties or, any change in the relationship binding each of the authorized representatives to the legal entity.

The authorized representatives undertake to ensure that this Mandate remains in effect and binds the legal entity and each of the authorized representatives until such time as it is revoked by way of a written notice sent to the Broker by an authorized representative.

Where the legal entity's address is located in Canada, this Mandate shall be governed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the legal entity's province of residence at the time of the execution of the Client Account Agreement to which it is attached and forms an integral part thereof.

Otherwise, the Mandate shall be governed and interpreted pursuant to the laws of the Province of Ontario. The authorized representative will submit to the jurisdiction of the courts of law of the province in question with respect to any matter concerning this Mandate and the remedies of the Broker thereunder.

Conditions Governing the Collection, Use and Disclosure of Personal Information

For the purposes of this section, the term "NBIN" means NBIN, a division of National Bank Financial Inc., its successors and assigns. The term "I", "my", "mine" means individually and collectively each of the NBIN Client Account holders or, if applicable, the account holder's authorized representative(s). The term "SROs" (selfregulatory organizations) means the Canadian Investment Regulatory Organization, the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada, the exchanges and other regulated marketplaces and the Canadian Investor Protection Fund. These SROs, as well as security regulatory agencies, can require or request access to personal information collected or used by NBIN and provided by its current and former clients, employees, agents, directors, officers, partners and other persons.

NBIN collects, uses and discloses my personal information to, among other things:

- a) verify my identity and solvency;
- determine my eligibility for any products and services I request, including margin accounts and credit approval and provide me in an ongoing manner with the products and services I have adhered to, and check the veracity of the information provided;
- establish and administer my account. For these purposes, certain personal information will be communicated to the tax authorities if my account is registered and may have to be communicated to other authorities, persons or entities, such as issuers or intermediaries (Canadian or foreign nationals), or to an estate representative or beneficiary in the event of my death;
- prevent fraud, manage risk and comply with laws and regulations;
- e) enable NBIN to manage its activities (such as statistics, record-keeping and audit) and improve and develop its products and services and get to know its clients better;
- measure customer service quality, for training and for compliance purposes. To these ends, NBIN may control and record telephone conversations with me;
- if I have requested a margin or other credit product, convey my credit file to credit reporting and assessment agencies, credit product insurers or other lenders in order to preserve the integrity of the credit granting process;

- enable the NBIN to comply with European and other foreign legislation, particularly with regard to the disclosure of information about me such as my name, address(es) and details of the securities I hold to a foreign issuer or a company with registered office(s) in the European Union which is admitted to trading on a European stock exchange, at its request;
- enable disclosure of such information for purposes of a transactional due diligence review by prospective parties in the event of the sale, transfer or assignment of NBIN's operations.

The full National Bank of Canada Privacy Policy (available at nbin.ca) describes in particular what information is collected, with whom it is shared, and how this information is used and stored. Your information will be kept for a reasonable period following the end of the business relationship in order to allow NBIN to comply with its legal obligations.

NBIN is authorized to act on the basis of the information it has on you until such time as you have notified it of a change to said information. You indemnify and hold NBIN harmless against any recourse and liability if it is not notified of such change.

You understand and have reviewed the policy and using your account means that you have accepted the terms of the policy. If you have provided information about another person, you confirm you are authorized to do so. If you have a joint account, you consent to the sharing of your personal information with the joint holder.

Making a Complaint

As an order execution-only dealer, NBIN offers access to a broad range of investment services in addition to our core custodial services. It is therefore important to us to ensure that you feel comfortable contacting us whenever you have a question or comment concerning any of these services. However, since your account is managed on a discretionary basis by a registered Portfolio Manager, the responsibility for suitability of investments rests entirely with them, and not with NBIN. Therefore, in such cases, you must contact your Portfolio Manager with respect to any complaint about unsuitable investments or the financial performance of your account.

Of course we welcome feedback about all of your experiences concerning your relationship with us, but should you have an unfavourable experience, we value the opportunity to improve our services offered. Your business and ongoing relationship with NBIN are very important to us and the satisfaction of our clientele is very high on our list of priorities.

Please feel free to contact us via mail or email with your questions or comments. We invite you to speak to NBIN Compliance or to submit the details of your complaint in writing at the following address:

National Bank Independent Network Compliance Department 130 King Street West Suite 3000, PO Box 21 Toronto, (Ontario) M5X 1J9

NBFComplaintWealthManagement@nbc.ca

In order to allow us to analyze your complaint, please include the following details when you contact us:

- Your name, contact information, and account number as well as the particular circumstances and details of your complaint, notably, the date on which the event took place.
- > All relevant documentation, including details of meetings and/or discussions following those meetings that might clarify the situation.

We will acknowledge the receipt of your complaint in writing within 5 business days, giving you the name and contact information of the person analyzing the complaint. Should you have any questions concerning the progress of your file, we invite you to contact this person directly. Rest assured that we will do our utmost to settle your complaint fairly and quickly.

We will contact you in writing at the latest 90 days after our investigation begins detailing the results and conclusions of our inquiry as well as the options available to you if the problem has not been resolved to your satisfaction.

Conflicts of Interest Policy Statement

Securities regulations in Canada require all investment dealers to comply with rules about conflicts of interest. It is important for you to know how National Bank Independent Network ("NBIN"), a division of National Bank Financial Inc. ("NBF"), identifies and addresses conflicts of interest, as well as how we minimize their impact.

The purpose of this Conflicts of Interest Policy Statement is to inform you of the nature and extent of conflicts of interest that may affect the services provided to you.

What is a Conflict of Interest?

We consider a conflict of interest to be any circumstance in which our interests, or the interests of our employees, could be inconsistent with or divergent from the interests of our clients or others who use our services.

We take reasonable steps to identify all existing material conflicts of interest as well as those that are reasonably foreseeable. We then assess the level of risk associated with each conflict.

We avoid any situation that would create a serious conflict of interest or represent too high a risk for you or for the integrity of financial markets. In any other situation, we take appropriate measures to address the conflict in your best interest. Where it cannot be avoided, we will notify you of any existing or reasonably foreseeable material conflict of interest situation as they arise.

Conflict of Interest Situations

We could potentially be in a conflict of interest in our dealings with:

- Issuers of securities
- Related dealers and advisors
- Other related companies
- Our employees
- Our clients

The following sections describe each of these potential conflicts, the effects they might have on you and how we deal with them.

Issuers of Securities

Sometimes we deal in the shares of companies or people that are related or connected to NBF. Since NBIN is a division of NBF, the related dealers and advisors and the related and/or connected issuers listed below are those of NBF

A company or person is a "related issuer" if:

- > the person or company is an influential securityholder
- > NBF is an influential securityholder of the person or company; or
- > both NBF and the company or person are related issuers of the same third-party securities.

A company or person is a "connected issuer" if the issuer has a relationship with NBF that may lead a reasonable prospective purchaser to question our independence from the issuer and believe that we will benefit from it. This includes the issuer's relationship with NBF, with one of our related issuers, with our directors, officers or partners or those of our related issuer.

The following are considered NBF's related issuers under Canadian securities legislation.

- > National Bank of Canada: National Bank of Canada is a bank incorporated under the Bank Act (Canada) and is a reporting issuer that holds indirectly 100% of the voting and equity shares of NBF.
- Canadian Credit Card Trust II: This trust is a trust whose administrator is National Bank of Canada and whose securities are publicly distributed. Consequently, Canadian Credit Card Trust is deemed to be a related issuer.
- > NBI ETFs: National Bank Investments Inc. ("NBI"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of National Bank of Canada, is the investment fund manager of the NBI ETFs. National Bank Trust Inc. is the portfolio manager of the NBI ETFs. National Bank Financial Inc. acts as designated broker and broker of the NBI ETFs.
- > NBI Funds: NBI is the investment fund manager of all NBI Funds, including, without limitation, the Meritage Portfolios, as listed in the NBI Funds prospectus which is updated annually.

When NBF deals with securities issued by its related or connected issuers, it may:

- › Act as an underwriter or selling group member in the distribution of the securities;
- > Sell the securities to, or on behalf of, clients;
- Purchase the securities from, or on behalf of, clients:
- > Exercise discretionary authority to buy or sell the securities, with the written consent of the client;
- Act as an advisor regarding the securities;
- Make recommendations to buy or sell the securities;
- › Offer for sale securities, goods and services issued or provided by National Bank of Canada or another related issuer: or
- > Work with National Bank of Canada or another related issuer to jointly offer the sale or purchase of securities, goods or services.

NBIN provides services such as order execution, clearing and custody to independent investment dealers, portfolio managers, investment fund managers and other institutional customers, but does not provide advice regarding securities nor makes any investment recommendations.

It is our policy to comply fully with all securities legislation. NBF makes all required disclosures when acting as dealer of the securities of National Bank of Canada and other related or connected issuers.

Before taking part in the distribution of securities of a related issuer, NBF will inform you, verbally or in writing, about the relationship between the registrant and the issuer of the securities.

When NBF buys or sells securities with a subsidiary or affiliate, it ensures that the transaction price, along with any brokerage commission, is as good as or better than the price offered by an unaffiliated third-party broker in an arms-length transaction.

As part of our business as an investment dealer, NBF may act as "agent" or "principal" while buying or selling for or on behalf of its clients. In such instances, the services provided by NBF will be in accordance with its normal practices and procedures and follow all relevant legislations or regulations.

Related Dealers and Advisors

Because of our affiliation with National Bank of Canada and its subsidiaries, we have put in place policies to deal with any potential conflict of interest and to ensure we act in your best interest.

NBF is registered as an investment dealer and is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of National Bank of Canada. National Bank of Canada is also an important shareholder, meaning it directly or indirectly holds more than 20% of any class or series of voting securities, of many dealers and advisors:

- National Bank Investments Inc.
- > National Bank of Canada Financial Inc.
- > NBC Financial Markets Asia Limited in Hong Kong only
- NBC Global Finance Limited in Ireland
- Natcan Trust Company
- National Bank Trust Inc.
- › NatWealth Management Inc.
- Nest Wealth Asset Management Inc.

NBF is therefore related to these dealers and advisors. Although there may be overlaps among the directors and officers of these companies, all of them operate as separate legal entities.

These entities may, from time to time, cooperate in offering products and services for the benefit of our clients, but there is no exchange of client information among these entities without a client's express consent or unless the information is reasonably necessary in order to provide a specific product or service.

NBF and these related dealers or advisors named on its website may provide services to each other, including management and administrative services as well as referrals. These relationships are subject to certain legislation and industry regulations. We have also adopted internal policies and procedures to supplement these requirements, including our policies on confidentiality of information.

Other Related Companies

National Bank of Canada, NBF and their affiliated companies may hold an interest or participation in certain companies.

TMX Group Limited

National Bank Acquisition Holding Inc., one of our affiliates, owns or controls an equity interest in TMX Group Limited in excess of 5% of the issued and outstanding equity securities thereof, and has a nominee director serving on the board. In addition, NBF is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of National Bank of Canada. From time to time, National Bank of Canada may enter into lending or financial arrangements with companies that are the subject of research reports or that are recommended by related entities. At the present date, National Bank of Canada is a lender to TMX Group Limited under its credit facilities. As such, NBF may be considered to have an economic interest in TMX Group Limited. No person or company is required to obtain products or services from TMX Group Limited or its affiliates as a condition of doing business with NBF or its affiliates.

TMX Group Limited is also the owner of Alpha Trading Systems Limited Partnership. Alpha Trading Systems Limited Partnership owns Alpha Exchange Inc., a stock exchange in Canada for the trading of securities.

We can execute transactions on your behalf on Alpha Exchange Inc. and enter orders into Alpha Exchange Inc.'s order book which cannot be immediately completed. In that role, we are subject to a number of regulatory obligations, including the requirement to diligently pursue the best price and best execution of each client order on the marketplace. Those obligations override the direct or indirect interest NBF has in the above companies.

Our employees

In the normal course of their activities, our directors, officers, employees, representatives and agents may find their personal interests are in potential conflict with those of a client.

We have developed a Code of Conduct and Ethics, a Compliance Guide and internal policies. Among other things, these documents state that our employees must never put their own interests ahead of their responsibilities towards clients or NBIN and that they should not under any circumstances exert undue pressure on clients to acquire a product or service.

They also reinforce the fact that any existing or reasonably foreseeable material conflict of interest must be addressed in a manner that is fair, equitable, transparent, and in the clients' best interests.

Here are some highlights from these documents:

- a) Confidential information: Our employees are prohibited from using confidential information gained in the course of their duties for their personal benefit or for the benefit of a third party. This includes information related to clients, transactions or client accounts. Our employees may not exploit any situation for the purpose of obtaining an advantage of any kind that would compromise confidential client information.
- b) Gifts, entertainment and compensation: Employees are prohibited from accepting gifts, entertainment or compensation that could influence decisions they make in the course of performing their duties and to compromise or give the impression of compromising their independence. All decisions must remain objective and impartial, in the best interests of clients. Unless they have our prior approval, our employees may not receive any other form of compensation other than what we pay them. We ensure that our employee compensation practices do not conflict with employees' obligations toward our clients.
- Outside activities: Employees are prohibited from engaging in activities that could interfere or be in conflict with their duties. We will not permit any employee to engage in activities outside the scope of their duties without our prior approval and without ensuring that these activities do not compromise our clients' interests or harm our own reputation or that of the industry.
- Client best interests (client priority rule): The interests of clients must always be given priority over those of NBIN and its employees. When we receive two orders for the same security at the same price or better price, we always execute the client's order before our or our employee's order.
- Payment of order execution and research services through brokerage fees ("soft dollars"): Under the National Instrument 23-102 – Use of Client Brokerage Commissions, specific requirements apply to advisors and registered dealers if brokerage commissions are charged in relation to a client account over which an advisor has discretion to make investment decisions without requiring the express consent of the client, including investment fund and a managed account. As a registered dealer, NBIN will not accept or forward to a third party any portion of client brokerage commissions in return for the provision to an advisor of goods or services, other than order execution goods and services and research goods and services.

- Personal investments: Our employees' personal investments are subject to the NBIN Personal Trading Policy and are supervised to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements. Employees are forbidden to make personal investments based on confidential information held by NBIN.
- Referrals: On occasion, third parties may refer clients to us for our products and services. When these referrals involve a commission, the commission must comply with the existing regulations, and we notify the referred client about the commission and other relevant information. This allows the client to make an informed decision about the referral and to consider any potential conflict of interest. Any agreement must be made in the best interests of clients and not for the purpose of receiving a commission.
- Compensation and other benefits: We are compensated for the business we perform for our clients. The level of compensation varies depending on the products and services offered as well as the type of remuneration. Regarding existing or reasonably foreseeable conflicts of interest that may arise, we take the necessary steps to identify and respond to such situations fairly and reasonably, and update our policies as required. Where not avoided, any material conflicts of interest will be disclosed to you as they arise.
- > Compensation and benefits from issuers: Issuers of securities or other related parties may compensate us based on the sale of their securities to our clients. Issuers can also pay or reimburse us for certain costs (e.g. educational events, sales communications, conferences, seminars, etc.), allow us to attend conferences or seminars, and provide us with promotional items of minimal value. Regulations surrounding these sales practices are very strict and only benefits that meet these conditions will be accepted.
- Currency and interest rates: On occasion, we may be compensated indirectly. For example, in a foreign currency exchange, we will receive compensation based on the difference between the price our clients pay for the currency and the price we pay for the same currency. We are also compensated based on the difference between the interest rate we receive on invested funds and the interest rate actually paid to our clients.
- Marketplaces: We may receive compensation based on the marketplace or third-party provider we use to carry out our clients' transactions. Regulations control the conditions under which we carry out our client transactions and we comply with NBF's Best Execution Policy.
- Over-the-counter securities: We may receive compensation for the purchase or sale of some over-the-counter securities. These investments are traded outside of th{e formal exchanges. We mark up the final price clients pay when they buy these securities, and mark down the final price clients receive when they sell these securities.

Declaration of Trust

Self-Directed Retirement Savings Plan -**Declaration of Trust**

Definitions

For the purposes hereof, the words and expressions set out below shall have the following meanings:

- a) Agent: National Bank Financial Inc., as designated in Subsection 14 a) hereof.
- b) Annuitant: The person whose name is indicated as such in the Application and, after his death, the surviving Spouse as provided in the definition of the term "annuitant" under subsection 146 (1) of the Income Tax Act (Canada)
- c) Application: The application for membership in the Plan, completed and signed by the Annuitant.
- d) Assets in the Plan: All property of any nature whatsoever which makes up the Plan, including the contributions made to the Plan from time to time, as well as any income, capital gains or other gains of any type whatsoever, generated or realized during the administration of the Plan by the Trustee.
- Beneficiary: The person who is or would be legally entitled to receive any Assets in the Plan or proceeds from the disposition of the Assets in the Plan in the case of the death of the Annuitant, pursuant to the applicable legislation, such as the Annuitant's surviving Spouse, estate, designated beneficiary, or legal representative within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada).
- f) Contributing Spouse: The Spouse of the Annuitant whom the Annuitant declares in the Application is the Spouse who can make contributions to the Plan (applicable only for spousal RSPs).
- g) Maturity Date: Has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 4 hereof.
- h) Plan: The National Bank Financial Inc. Retirement Savinas Plan established by the Trustee for the benefit of the Annuitant in accordance with the terms and conditions contained in the Application and herein, as such Plan may be amended from time to time.
- Spouse: A spouse or a common-law partner as defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada) respecting an RSP.
- Tax Legislation: The Income Tax Act (Canada) and corresponding legislation of the province in which the Annuitant resides specified in the Application, and the regulations adopted thereunder.

k) Trustee: Natcan Trust Company, a trust company duly incorporated under the Trust and Loan Companies Act (Canada).

2. Establishment of the Plan

By means of the transfer by the Annuitant or the Contributing Spouse, if applicable, of a sum of money or any other property specified in the Application, the Annuitant establishes with the Trustee a retirement savings plan for his benefit in order to obtain a retirement income at the Maturity Date. All contributions paid to the Plan, as well as any income, capital gains or other gains of any nature whatsoever, generated or realized by the Plan, and held in the Plan by the Trustee, and invested pursuant to the terms and conditions provided herein, shall be applied to the establishment of a retirement income for the Annuitant.

The Plan shall constitute a trust for the purposes of Tax Legislation only, excluding any other purpose whatsoever.

The Trustee, by accepting the Application, agrees to administer the Plan in the manner stipulated herein. Subject to registration of the Plan under the Tax Legislation, this Declaration of Trust shall take effect on the date of acceptance by the Trustee of the Application.

Registration 3.

The Trustee shall apply for registration of the Plan pursuant to the Tax Legislation. In the course of such registration, the Trustee is hereby authorized to rely exclusively on the information provided by the Annuitant or his Spouse, as applicable, in the Application.

4. Maturity Date

The Plan shall mature on the date determined by the Annuitant, which date may be no later than December 31 of the calendar year during which the Annuitant shall reach the maximum age prescribed under the *Income* Tax Act (Canada).

5. Contributions

Until the Maturity Date, the Annuitant or the Contributing Spouse, if applicable, may at any time make additional contributions to the Plan. The Annuitant and the Contributing Spouse, if applicable, shall be solely responsible for ensuring that such contributions are within the limits prescribed by the Tax Legislation as well as for determining the taxation years for which such contributions may be deducted for income tax purposes.

6. Excess contributions

Within 90 days of receipt by the Trustee of a written request from the Annuitant or the Contributing Spouse, if applicable, the Trustee shall pay the person who made the contribution the amount set out in such request, constituting all of any excess cumulative contributions paid into the Plan, over and above the limits prescribed by Tax Legislation, in order to make it possible to reduce the amount of tax applicable to such cumulative excess contributions under Part X.1 of the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Trustee is not responsible for calculating the excess contributions made to the Plan by the Annuitant or his Spouse.

Unless otherwise instructed by the person making the request within 75 days of the receipt of the written request, the Trustee may dispose of the investments which it may select, in its entire discretion, for the purposes of such payment. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred by the Plan as a result of such disposition.

7. Investments

Until the Maturity Date, the Assets in the Plan shall be invested in investments that qualify for registered retirement savings plans within the meaning of Tax Legislation ("qualified investments"), in accordance with instructions given by the Annuitant to the Trustee from time to time in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee. The Annuitant is responsible for ensuring that investments made in or transferred to the Plan are and remain qualified investments, and acknowledges that the Trustee shall incur no liability. The Trustee shall not be held liable with regard to the investment of the Assets in the Plan, whether or not made pursuant to instructions given by the Annuitant. The investments shall not be limited to ones authorized by law for trustees.

Notwithstanding any provision herein, the Trustee may, at its sole discretion, refuse to accept a property transfer or to make any investment whatsoever, especially if the Trustee believes that the investment does not comply with its internal standards or policies. The Trustee may also require the Annuitant to provide specific supporting documents before making certain investments under the Plan.

The Annuitant may exercise the voting rights attached to units, shares or any other securities held in the Plan, as applicable. For this purpose, the Annuitant is hereby appointed the Trustee's agent and attorney to execute and deliver proxies and other instruments in accordance with applicable laws.

8. Restrictions

Assignment. The Annuitant acknowledges that this Plan, as well as the rights and benefits arising therefrom, may not be assigned or otherwise transferred.

- b) Security. The Annuitant acknowledges that the Plan or the Assets in the Plan may not be given as security by way of a mortgage or otherwise.
- **Effects**. Any agreement which purports or attempts to contravene the restrictions contained in this Section 8 shall be null and void.
- Withdrawals. The Plan does not provide for any payment before the Maturity Date except a refund o premiums in a lump sum or a payment to the Annuitant.

Subject to such reasonable requirements as the Trustee may impose, the Annuitant may at any time prior to the Maturity Date withdraw an amount from the Plan by making a request in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee. The Trustee shall then dispose of all or certain of the assets as indicated by the Annuitant and pay the Annuitant an amount equal to the proceeds of the disposition of such assets (net of applicable disposition costs), less any (i) charges and taxes (including interest and penalties) that are or may become payable by the Trustee or the Plan itself, and (ii) any amount required to be withheld therefrom on account of the Annuitant's own liability for taxes resulting from a withdrawal of funds from the Plan.

Withdrawals from a Plan with assets held in a locked-in arrangement may only be made as may be permitted by applicable laws as described in the applicable supplemental agreement.

Upon such payment, the Trustee and Agent shall be subject to no further liability or duty to the Annuitant with respect to the Assets in the Plan, or the portion thereof that has been disposed of and paid. The Trustee will issue to the Annuitant such information returns in respect of any withdrawal, as required by applicable laws.

If only a portion of the Assets in the Plan is disposed of in accordance with the foregoing paragraph, the Annuitant may specify in his notice which assets he wishes the Trustee to dispose of. Failing this, the Trustee shall dispose of such assets as the Trustee, at its sole discretion, may deem appropriate for this purpose. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

- Transfers to Other Plans. Subject to any legal conditions and such reasonable requirements as the Trustee may impose, the Annuitant may at any time request, in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee, that the Trustee:
 - i. transfer all or certain Assets in the Plan; or
 - ii. dispose of all or certain of the Assets in the Plan and transfer an amount equal to the proceeds of disposition of such assets (net of applicable

disposition costs), less (i) any charges and taxes (including interest and penalties) that are or may become payable by the Trustee or the Plan itself, and (ii) any amount required to be withheld therefrom on account of the Annuitant's own liability for taxes arising on a transfer from the Plan to another registered plan as permitted by applicable laws.

Such transfers shall take effect within a reasonable time after all forms required to be completed in respect of such transfer have been completed and forwarded to the Trustee. Upon such transfer, the Trustee and Agent shall be subject to no further liability or duty to the Annuitant with respect to the Assets in the Plan, or the portion thereof, so transferred, as the case may be. If only a portion of the Assets in the Plan is transferred in accordance with the foregoing paragraph, the Annuitant may specify in his notice which assets he wishes to so transfer or which assets he wishes to dispose of in order to effect such transfer. Failing this, the Trustee shall transfer or dispose of such properties as it, at its sole discretion, may deem appropriate for this purpose. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition of transfer.

9. Retirement Income

On the Maturity Date, the Trustee shall dispose of all Assets in the Plan, and using the proceeds from such disposition, after having paid any applicable cost of disposition thereof and the charges, taxes and fees payable hereunder, the Trustee covenants to pay the Annuitant a retirement income, in compliance with the Tax Legislation. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

- a) Annuity. The Annuitant may choose to create his retirement income from among the various types of annuities offered by the Trustee and so inform the Trustee in writing no later than 90 days prior to the Maturity Date (hereinafter the "Annuity"). Any retirement income payable shall not be assigned in whole or in part. The Annuitant is fully responsible for choosing a type of Annuity that complies with the provisions of the Tax Legislation, in particular:
 - i. payments to the Annuitant under an Annuity must be made in equal annual or more frequent periodic amounts until such time as there is a payment in full or partial commutation of the retirement income and, where such Annuity is partial, equal annual or more frequent periodic payments thereafter;
 - ii. the aggregate of the periodic payments in a year under an Annuity after the Annuitant's death shall not exceed the aggregate of the payments under the Annuity in a year before that death;

- iii. each Annuity must be commuted if it becomes payable to someone other than the Annuitant under this Plan.
- b) Election to Transfer to a Retirement Income Fund. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Annuitant, in the Annuitant's sole discretion, may, by way of a written request to the Trustee not less than 90 days prior to the Maturity Date, request that the Assets in the Plan be transferred to a Registered Retirement Income Fund (RRIF) in compliance with the Tax Legislation.
- Default Transfer to RRIF. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, if, on the first day of November of the year in which the Annuitant reaches the prescribed age applicable to the most distant Maturity Date set out in Section 4 hereof, the Annuitant fails to notify the Trustee in writing in accordance with subsections 9 a) or 9 b) above, the Maturity Date shall then be deemed to be the first day of December of the same year. In such a case, the Trustee shall be deemed to have received instructions from the Annuitant to transfer the Assets in the Plan to an RRIF issued by the Trustee in the Annuitant's name in accordance with the Tax Legislation. In such case, the designated beneficiary of such fund shall be the person named as the designated beneficiary hereunder, if any.

10. No Advantage

The Annuitant, or a person with whom the Annuitant does not deal at arm's length, within the meaning of Tax Legislation, may not receive any benefit, payment or advantage, other than the benefits authorized under this Plan and the Tax Legislation.

11. Designation of Beneficiary (not available for retirement savings plans in the Province of Quebec)

If permitted by applicable legislation, the Annuitant may designate one or more Beneficiaries to receive the proceeds payable under the provisions of the Plan; such designation may be made in the Application or another document, and it may be amended or revoked thereafter. The Trustee makes no representation and shall not be held liable in the case of total or partial invalidity or unenforceability of a designation of beneficiary signed by the Annuitant.

Any designation of beneficiary may only be made, amended or revoked in compliance with the applicable legislation by way of a written document or instrument, dated and signed by the Annuitant, the form and content of which shall be acceptable to the Trustee, and in particular shall specifically identify the Plan. Any designation, amendment or revocation of beneficiary shall come into force on the date it is received by the Trustee.

12. Death of Annuitant

Should the Annuitant die prior to the Maturity Date and before the Assets in the Plan are commuted into an Annuity or rolled into a Registered Retirement Income Fund, upon receipt of evidence satisfactory to the Trustee thereof and subject to Tax Legislation, the Trustee shall dispose of the Assets in the Plan, and after deducting any applicable tax, costs of such disposition, fees or any other amounts payable hereunder, the Trustee shall pay in a lump sum the net proceeds of such disposition to the Plan's Beneficiaries or the Annuitant's estate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in cases permitted by Tax Legislation, the Trustee may transfer the Assets in the Plan to one or more persons entitled thereto.

No such payment or transfer shall be made unless and until the Trustee receives releases and/or other documents as it may reasonably require.

13. Separate Account and Tax Information

The Trustee shall maintain a separate account for the Plan and shall furnish to the Annuitant annually or more frequently, a statement showing, for each period, the contributions paid to the Plan, the assets and, if applicable, the income realized by the Plan, the fees, taxes, penalties or any other amounts debited from the account since the last statement, the balance of the account as well as any other information deemed relevant by the Trustee at its sole discretion.

The Trustee shall annually provide the Annuitant or the Contributing Spouse, as applicable, with information returns regarding the contributions paid to the Plan in accordance with the Tax Legislation.

The Annuitant and the Contributing Spouse, as applicable, are responsible for ensuring that any deduction claimed for income tax purposes does not exceed the permitted deductions under the Tax Legislation.

Assets in the Plan held through a locked-in retirement account or other locked-in arrangements will be accounted for separately.

14. Provisions Regarding the Trustee

- **Delegation of Powers.** The Trustee may delegate to its agents, including National Bank Financial Inc. (the "Agent"), any of its administrative duties or its powers to do specific things, and the delegate may receive all or part of the fees to which the Trustee is entitled hereunder, it being understood, however, that ultimate responsibility for administering the Plan shall remain vested in the Trustee.
- b) Withdrawal of Trustee. The Trustee may withdraw as the administrator of the Plan upon 30 days' prior notice given to the Annuitant in the manner set out in

- subsection 15 e) hereof and provided a replacement trustee has accepted the appointment and on condition such replacement is a body corporate resident in Canada duly authorized by the applicable laws to act in such capacity.
- Fees and Expenses. The Trustee shall be paid the fees and other charges it prescribes from time to time, which may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Plan. The Trustee shall be entitled to charge fees upon the termination of the Plan, the transfer or withdrawal of Assets in the Plan or any other event which it may reasonably determine. These fees are disclosed to the Annuitant in accordance with the applicable legislation. The Trustee shall be reimbursed by the Annuitant for all fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs incurred by it or its agents in connection with the administration of the Plan or the production of any tax statements or other documents required under the Tax Legislation.
- Reimbursement of taxes. The reimbursement of any and all taxes, interest or penalty payable may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Plan but only as far as permitted by the applicable legislation. The Trustee may then, without further notifying the Annuitant, dispose of Assets in the Plan, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

The Annuitant shall reimburse the Trustee for any overdraft resulting from the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs within 30 days of the date the Annuitant is notified thereof. Should the Annuitant fail to make such reimbursement on time, the Trustee may, without further notifying the Annuitant, dispose of Assets in the Plan, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses, costs and overdrafts. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

Liability and Hold-Harmless. The Annuitant or the Beneficiaries will at all times indemnify the Trustee and its nominees, agents and correspondents in respect of any and all taxes, interest, penalties, assessments, fees (including legal fees), claims and demands made by tax authorities or other third parties, or resulting from the custody or administration of the Plan or the holding of prohibited or non-qualified investments in the Plan, and will hold them harmless from all of the foregoing, except in the case of the gross negligence of the Trustee. Any such payment must be made within 30 days of the date the Annuitant or the Beneficiaries are notified thereof.

Without limiting the scope of any other provision hereof, neither the Trustee nor any of its nominees, agents or correspondents shall be liable for any loss incurred by the Plan, by the Annuitant or by any Beneficiary, as a result of the acquisition, disposition or retention of any investment, whether or not acquired at the direction of the Annuitant, as a result of any payment or transfer out of the Plan as requested by the Annuitant, as a result of the refusal to follow instructions that the Trustee, at its sole discretion, views are contrary to any provision hereof or to any applicable legislation, as a result of force majeure or irresistible force. The Trustee may collect directly from the Assets in the Plan the total amount of any taxes, interest or penalties that may be imposed on the Trustee under the provisions of any Tax Legislation (including the acquisition, disposition or holding of "non-qualified investments" as defined under Tax Legislation).

Instructions. The Trustee shall be empowered to follow the instructions received from the Annuitant or any other person designated in writing by the Annuitant, whether transmitted in person, by mail, fax or any other electronic means.

15. Various Provisions

- a) Amendments. The Trustee may, from time to time, at its sole discretion, amend the terms of the Plan (i) to satisfy the requirement of any applicable law, or (ii) by giving 30 days' notice in writing thereof to the Annuitant, provided, however, that any such amendments do not disqualify the Plan as a registered retirement savings plan within the meaning of Tax Legislation.
- Evidence. The recording of the date of birth of the b) Annuitant or of his Spouse on the Application shall constitute sufficient certification of such age, subject to any further evidence which may be required thereof. The Trustee reserves the right to require the Annuitant, the Contributing Spouse or any person claiming to be a Beneficiary, as the case may be, to provide, at the appropriate time and at their own expense, satisfactory proof of age, of the survival or death of the Annuitant or the Contributing Spouse and of their title or entitlement as a Beneficiary.
- Binding. The terms and conditions hereof will be c) binding upon the Annuitant's heirs and legal personal representatives and upon any successors and assigns of the Trustee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Plan or the Assets in the Plan are transferred to a replacement trustee, then the terms of such replacement trustee's declaration of trust will govern thereafter.
- Interpretation. Wherever the context so requires, a word used in the masculine gender shall include the

- feminine or neuter and vice versa, and the singular number shall include the plural and vice versa.
- Notices. Any notice to the Trustee hereunder shall be validly given, if delivered or mailed postage prepaid to the Trustee at the address indicated in the Application, or to any other address that the Trustee may, from time to time, specify in writing, and it shall be effective only on the day that such notice was actually delivered to or received by the Trustee.

Any notice, statement or receipt given by the Trustee to the Annuitant, the Annuitant's Spouse or any person authorized to receive notice under the Plan, shall be validly given if mailed postage prepaid to the address recorded in the books of the Trustee with respect to the Plan, and any notice, statement or receipt so mailed shall be deemed to have been given on the day of mailing. Any written instruction, notice or information communicated to the Trustee will be considered valid only if it is in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee.

- Declaration of Non-Residency. The Annuitant must and undertakes to immediately notify the Trustee if he is or becomes a non-resident of Canada.
- Applicable Legislation. The Plan shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the province in which the Annuitant resides, as shown in the Application, and with the Tax Legislation.

In Quebec, the Plan shall not in any way constitute a trust within the meaning of the Civil Code of Québec Given the particular nature hereof and the administrative rules created hereby, the rules of Title VII of Book IV of the Civil Code of Québec relating to the administration of the property of third parties shall not apply to the Trustee.

Additional Terms and Conditions for U.S. Dollar Registered Accounts

The following terms and conditions are in addition to the terms and conditions included in the Declaration of Trust applicable to your registered account, as well as those that are applicable to your accounts at National Bank Independent Network, a division of National Bank Financial Inc. (NBF).

Currency Conversion 1.

Any amount in a currency other than the U.S. dollar that is transferred or credited to a U.S. dollar registered account is converted into U.S. dollars. This includes, among other things, dividends, interest and proceeds of the sale of securities.

All foreign currencies are converted on the transaction date, using the rates established or determined by NBIN. In addition, NBIN (or its related parties) may earn income from the conversion of any currency.

2. Conversion of Contribution Receipts

For the purposes of issuing contribution receipts, the value of any U.S dollar or U.S. securities contributions to a registered account in U.S. dollars are converted into Canadian dollars. In the case of U.S. securities, the conversion is based on the market value of the securities. The exchange rate used for the conversion is the rate in effect on the day the contribution is made.

3. Transfer to a Canadian Dollar Fund

If your registered U.S. dollar account is either a registered retirement savings plan for your spouse or common law partner or a locked-in account, the assets therein can only be transferred to a fund in Canadian dollars. In the event of such a transfer, amounts in your U.S. dollar account are converted into Canadian dollars, using the applicable rate on the date of the transfer.

4. Offset Between Canadian and **U.S. Dollar Accounts**

If you hold a Canadian dollar registered account and a U.S. dollar registered account of the same nature and one of these accounts has a debit balance, NBIN may, at its discretion, offset the debit balance of that account by transferring, after conversion, funds from the other account.

5. Withholding Tax on Withdrawals

When you withdraw amounts from a U.S. dollar registered account, the amount withdrawn is converted and reported to Canada Revenue Agency in Canadian dollars. The applicable amounts withheld, based on the amount withdrawn, will be calculated in Canadian dollars. The applicable tax deductions and penalties, if any, are calculated in Canadian dollars.

Self-Directed Retirement Income Fund -**Declaration of Trust**

Definitions 1.

For the purposes hereof, the words and expressions set out below shall have the following meanings:

- a) Agent: National Bank Financial Inc., as designated in Subsection 12 a) hereof.
- b) Annuitant: The person whose name is indicated as such in the Application and, after his death, the surviving Spouse as defined in subsection 146.3(1) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (such surviving Spouse being designated the "Successor Annuitant").
- c) Application: The application for membership in the Fund, included in the account opening form, completed and signed by the Annuitant.

- d) Assets in the Fund: All property of any nature whatsoever which makes up the Fund, including assets transferred to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 hereof, as well as any income or gains of any type whatsoever, generated or realized during the administration of the Fund by the Trustee.
- Beneficiary: The person who is or would be legally entitled to receive any Assets in the Fund or proceeds from the disposition of the Assets in the Fund in the case of the death of the Annuitant, pursuant to the applicable legislation, such as the Annuitant's surviving Spouse, estate, designated beneficiary, or legal representative within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada).
- Fund: The National Bank Financial Inc. Retirement Income Fund established by the Trustee for the benefit of the Annuitant in accordance with the terms and conditions contained in the Application and herein, which may be amended from time to time.
- RRIF: A registered retirement income fund, as defined in the Tax Act.
- h) RRSP: A registered retirement savings plan, as defined in the Tax Act.
- i) Spouse: A spouse or a common-law partner as defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada) respecting an RIF.
- Tax Act: The Income Tax Act (Canada) and the i) regulations adopted thereunder.
- Tax Legislation: The Income Tax Act (Canada) and corresponding legislation of the province in which the Annuitant resides specified in the Application, and the regulations adopted thereunder.
- Trustee: Natcan Trust Company, a trust company duly incorporated under the Trust and Loan Companies Act (Canada).

2. Establishment of the Fund

By means of the transfer to the Trustee by the Annuitant of the assets specified in the Application, in accordance with Section 4 hereof, the Annuitant establishes with the Trustee a retirement income fund for his benefit, by which the Trustee covenants to pay each year to the Annuitant sums of money in accordance with this Declaration. All assets paid into the Fund, as well as any income, capital gains or other gains of any nature whatsoever, generated or realized by the Fund and held in the Fund by the Trustee, and invested pursuant to the provisions provided herein, are used to make payments to the Annuitant in accordance with this Declaration.

The Fund shall constitute a trust for the purposes of the Tax Legislation only, excluding any other purpose whatsoever.

The Trustee, by accepting the Application, agrees to administer the Fund in accordance with the Tax Legislation and in the manner stipulated herein. Subject to registration of the Fund under the Tax Legislation, this Declaration of Trust shall take effect on the date of acceptance by the Trustee of the Application.

3. Registration

The Trustee shall apply for registration of the Fund pursuant to the Tax Legislation. In the course of such registration, the Trustee is hereby authorized to rely exclusively on the information provided by the Annuitant or his Spouse, as applicable, in the Application. If any of the tax authorities concerned refuse such registration, the Application and this Declaration shall be cancelled, and the sums or property transferred to the Fund by the Annuitant or the contributing spouse, if applicable, shall be reimbursed.

4. Assets transferred to the Fund

Subject to the minimal consideration that it can set at its sole discretion, the Trustee may accept that the only assets that can be transferred to the Fund, as consideration, are assets that are transferred:

- from an RRSP of which the Annuitant is the beneficiary;
- ii. from another RRIF of which the Annuitant is the beneficiary;
- iii. from the Annuitant, to the extent that the consideration is an amount referred to in subparagraph 60(1)(v) of the Tax Act and, if applicable, any equivalent provisions in the Tax Legislation, and in particular of any amount paid as reimbursement of premiums pursuant to the death of a Spouse, originating with an RRSP of which the Spouse of the Annuitant was the beneficiary;
- iv. from an RRSP or an RRIF of which the Spouse or former Spouse of the Annuitant is the Beneficiary, in accordance with an order, or judgment of a court having jurisdiction or with a written separation agreement, relating to a division of property between the Annuitant and his Spouse or former Spouse in settlement of rights arising out of, or on the breakdown of, their marriage or common-law partnership;
- v. from a registered pension plan of which the Annuitant is a member (as defined in subsection 147.1(1) of the
- vi. from a registered pension plan in accordance with subsections 147.3(5) or (7) of the Tax Act;
- vii. from a specified pension plan in circumstances to which subsection 146(21) of the Tax Act applies;
- viii. in accordance with the provisions of the Tax Legislation.

5. Investments

The Assets in the Fund shall be invested in investments that qualify for the Fund within the meaning of the Tax Legislation ("qualified investments"), in accordance with instructions given by the Annuitant to the Trustee from time to time in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee. The Annuitant is responsible for ensuring that investments made in or transferred to the Fund are and remain qualified investments, and acknowledges that the Trustee shall incur no liability.

The Trustee shall not be held liable with regard to the investment of the Assets in the Fund, whether or not made pursuant to instructions given by the Annuitant.

Notwithstanding any provision herein, the Trustee may, at its sole discretion, refuse to accept a property transfer or to make any investment for any reason whatsoever, especially if the Trustee believes that the investment does not comply with its internal standards or policies. The Trustee may also require the Annuitant to provide specific supporting documents before making certain investments under the Fund.

The Annuitant may exercise the voting rights attached to units, shares or any other securities held in the Fund, as applicable. For this purpose, the Annuitant is hereby appointed the Trustee's agent and attorney to execute and deliver proxies and other instruments in accordance with applicable laws.

6. Restrictions

- a) Assignment. The Annuitant acknowledges that this Fund, as well as the rights and benefits arising therefrom, may not be assigned or otherwise transferred. In particular, no payment made under the Fund may be assigned, in full or in part.
- b) Security. The Fund or the Assets in the Fund may not be given as security, by mortgage or otherwise, and may only be used to ensure the payment of retirement income.
- Payments. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the Trustee makes only the payments described in paragraphs 146.3(2)(d) and 146.3(2)(e), 146.3(14) and 146.3(14.1) and in the definition of "retirement income fund" in paragraph 146.3(1) of the Tax Act.
- d) Effects. Any agreement which purports or attempts to contravene the restrictions contained in this Section 6 shall be null and void.

7. Payments

In accordance with the Tax Legislation, the Trustee shall pay the Annuitant or Successor Annuitant according to what is specified in Section 9 hereof. Each year and no later than in the year immediately following the year in which the Application was accepted by the Trustee, the Trustee shall make payments from the Fund for the benefit of the Annuitant. However, subject to any provision contrary to Section 9 hereof and unless the Trustee is otherwise authorized under the Tax Legislation, these payments may only be made in accordance with the following conditions and the Tax Legislation:

a) Annual Payments. The total payments to the Annuitant out of the Fund for each year shall correspond to the amount selected by the Annuitant on the Application (such amount being no lower than the minimum amount and no higher than the maximum amount). The Annuitant may change the amount of the payment selected, upon written notice to the Custodian in a form deemed satisfactory by the Custodian, no later than January 1 of the yea in which the change is to come into effect.

The new payment amount is in effect until another notice of amendment is duly given to the Trustee. If the amount that the Annuitant has chosen is less than the minimum amount, the Trustee shall nevertheless pay the minimum amount required by the Tax Legislation. If the amount that the Annuitant has chosen is greater than the maximum amount, the Trustee shall nevertheless pay the maximum amount authorized by the Tax Legislation.

The amount selected by the Annuitant shall then be amended to correspond to the minimum amount or maximum amount, as applicable, with respect to such year.

- Minimum amount. In the year of the establishment of the Fund the "minimum amount" that is required to be withdrawn from the Fund is nil. For any other year, the "minimum amount" shall be calculated in accordance with the Tax Legislation.
 - The Annuitant may elect to base the minimum amount on his age or his Spouse's age. The Annuitant may not make or change any such election after the first payment has been made under the Fund.
- Maximum Amount. The "maximum amount" that can be paid out of the Fund corresponds to the value of the Fund immediately before the payment date. In the case of a locked-in fund, the maximum amount specifically provided under the applicable laws may be lower.

- d) Frequency. The frequency of the payments shall correspond to the frequency selected by the Annuitant on the Application (which must be at least one payment per calendar year or no more than one payment per calendar month), which the Annuitant may change from time to time upon written notice to the Trustee in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee.
- Payment. The Annuitant is fully responsible for ensuring that there is sufficient cash in the Fund to make the payments in accordance with this Section 7. Nevertheless, if the Trustee does not consider that the money available in the Fund is sufficient for the payments specified in this Section 7, it can dispose of the investments that it has chosen, at its sole discretion, unless the Annuitant gives it instructions no later than 30 days before the payment date with respect to the specific investment that he wishes to sell to obtain the necessary funds to make the payments. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred by the Fund as a result of such disposition.
- Receipt of Payments. The payments to the Annuitant are deemed to have been made by direct money transfer to the account indicated in the Application or by the mailing of a cheque payable to the Annuitant at the address indicated on the Application or to any other address or account that may be indicated to the Trustee in writing.
- g) **Deduction.** The Trustee may deduct from payments any amount in respect of tax, interest, penalties, fees and expenses that are payable hereunder, under the Tax Legislation or other applicable laws.
- h) No Advantage. The Annuitant, or a person with whom the Annuitant does not deal at arm's length, within the meaning of the Tax Legislation, may not receive any benefit, payment or advantage, other than the benefits authorized under this Fund and the Tax Legislation.

8. Designation of Beneficiary (not available for RIFs in the Province of Quebec)

If permitted by applicable legislation, the Annuitant may designate one or more Beneficiaries to receive the proceeds payable under the provisions of the Fund; such designation may be made in the Application or another document, and it may be amended or revoked thereafter.

Any designation of beneficiary may only be made, amended or revoked in compliance with the applicable legislation by way of a written document or instrument, dated and signed by the Annuitant, the form and content of which shall be acceptable to the Trustee, and in particular shall specifically identify the Fund. Any designation, amendment or revocation of beneficiary shall come into force on the date it is received by the Trustee.

Death of Annuitant

Successor Annuitant. The Annuitant may elect in accordance with the Tax Act that, upon his death, the Successor Annuitant become the new annuitant of the Fund and continue to receive the further payments provided for herein.

Upon the death of the Successor Annuitant, the payments specified herein shall cease as soon as the Trustee receives notice of the Successor Annuitant's death. When the Trustee receives proof that it deems satisfactory concerning the Beneficiary's entitlement, the Trustee shall dispose of the assets in the Fund and, subject to the Tax Legislation and after deducting all applicable taxes, disposition costs, fees or any other amounts payable hereunder, the Trustee shall pay in a lump sum the net proceeds of this disposition to the Beneficiary.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in cases permitted by the Tax Legislation, the Trustee may transfer the Assets in the Fund to one or more persons entitled thereto.

No such payment or transfer shall be made unless and until the Trustee receives releases and/or other documents as it may reasonably require.

Beneficiary of a Lump Sum. If, upon the death of the Annuitant, a Successor Annuitant has not been designated, the payments specified herein shall cease as soon as the Trustee receives notice of the Annuitant's death. When the Trustee receives proof that it deems satisfactory concerning the Beneficiary's entitlement, the Trustee shall dispose of the assets in the Fund and, subject to the Tax Legislation and after deducting all applicable taxes, disposition costs, fees or any other amounts payable hereunder, the Trustee shall pay in a lump sum the net proceeds of this disposition to the Beneficiary. No such payment or transfer shall be made unless and until the Trustee receives releases and/or other documents as it may reasonably require.

10. Separate Account and Tax Information

The Trustee shall maintain a separate account for the Fund and shall furnish to the Annuitant annually or more frequently, a statement showing, for each period, the payments made to the Annuitant, the assets in the Fund, the value of the Fund, the income earned by the Fund, the fees debited from the account since the last statement, the balance of the account as well as any other information deemed relevant by the Trustee at its sole discretion.

The Trustee shall annually provide the Annuitant with information returns regarding the payments out of the Fund to the Annuitant in accordance with the Tax Legislation.

The Assets in the Fund held through a life income fund, a locked-in retirement income fund or other locked-in arrangements shall be accounted for separately.

11. Transfer of Assets

Upon receipt of instructions from the Annuitant in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee, the Trustee shall transfer, in the manner prescribed by the Tax Legislation, all or part of the Assets in the Fund or an amount equivalent to the value of such assets at that time, as well as all information necessary for the continuance of the Fund, to any person legally authorized to become an issuer under another RRIF of which the Annuitant may be the beneficiary, after deducting all amounts to be retained in application of paragraphs 146.3(2)(e.1) or 146.3(2)(e.2) of the Tax Act, as applicable, as well as any fees and disbursements to which the Trustee is entitled.

Under a written separation agreement or according to an order or a judgment of a court having jurisdiction relating to a division of property, in the event of the breakdown of the Annuitant's marriage or common-law partnership, the Annuitant may request the transfer of assets from the Fund to an RRIF or to an RRSP of which his Spouse or former Spouse is the annuitant.

Such transfers shall take effect in accordance with applicable laws and within a reasonable timeframe after all forms required to be completed in respect of such a transfer have been completed and forwarded to the Trustee. Upon such transfer, the Trustee shall be subject to no further liability or duty to the Annuitant with respect to the Assets in the Fund, or the portion thereof, so transferred, as the case may be. However, it is understood that the Trustee is never bound to cash in an investment before its expiry date, before being able to complete its transfer.

12. Provisions Regarding the Trustee

- a) Delegation of Powers. The Trustee may delegate to its agents, including National Bank Financial Inc. (the "Agent"), any of its administrative duties or its powers to do specific things, and the delegate may receive all or part of the fees to which the Trustee is entitled hereunder, it being understood, however, that ultimate responsibility for administering the Fund shall remain vested in the Trustee.
- Withdrawal of Trustee. The Trustee may withdraw as the administrator of the Fund upon 30 days' prior notice given to the Annuitant in the manner set out in Subsection 13 e) hereof and provided a replacement trustee has accepted the appointment and on condition such replacement is a body corporate resident in Canada duly authorized by the applicable laws to act in such capacity.

- c) Fees and Expenses. The Trustee shall be paid the fees and other charges it prescribes from time to time, which may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Fund. The Trustee shall be entitled to charge fees upon the termination of the Fund, the transfer or withdrawal of Assets in the Fund or any other event which it may reasonably determine. These fees are disclosed to the Annuitant in accordance with the applicable laws. The Trustee shall be reimbursed by the Annuitant for all fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs incurred by it or its agents in connection with the administration of the Fund or the production of any tax statements or other documents required under the Tax Legislation.
- Reimbursement of Taxes. The reimbursement of any and all taxes, interest or penalties payable may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Fund but only as far as permitted by the applicable legislation. The Trustee may then, without further notifying the Annuitant, dispose of Assets in the Fund, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.
 - The Annuitant shall reimburse the Trustee for any overdraft resulting from the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs within 30 days of the date the Annuitant is notified thereof. Should the Annuitant fail to make such reimbursement on time, the Trustee may, without further notifying the Annuitant, dispose of Assets in the Fund, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses, costs and overdrafts. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.
- Liability and Hold-Harmless. The Annuitant or the Beneficiaries shall at all times indemnify the Trustee and its nominees, agents and correspondents in respect of any and all taxes, interest, penalties, assessments, fees and out-of-pocket expenses, and all claims and demands made by tax authorities or other third parties, or resulting from the custody or administration of the Fund or the holding of prohibited or non-qualified investments in the Fund, and shall hold them harmless from all of the foregoing, except in the case of the gross negligence of the Trustee. Any such payment must be made within 30 days of the date the Annuitant or the Beneficiaries are notified thereof.

Without limiting the scope of any other provision hereof, neither the Trustee nor any of its nominees, agents or correspondents shall be liable for any loss incurred by the Fund, by the Annuitant or by any Beneficiary, as a result of the acquisition, disposition or retention of any investment, whether or not

- acquired at the direction of the Annuitant, resulting from any withdrawal or transfer out of the Fund requested by the Annuitant, as a result of the refusal to follow instructions that the Trustee, at its sole discretion, views are contrary to any provision of the applicable legislation, as a result of force majeure or irresistible force.
- Instructions. The Trustee shall be empowered to follow the instructions received from the Annuitant or any other person designated in writing by the Annuitant, whether transmitted in person, by telephone, by mail, fax or any other electronic means.

13. Various Provisions

- a) Amendments. The Trustee may, from time to time, at its sole discretion, amend the terms hereof (i) to satisfy the requirement of any applicable law, or (ii) by giving 30 days' notice in writing thereof to the Annuitant, provided, however, that any such amendments do not disqualify the Fund as an RRIF within the meaning of the Tax Legislation.
- Evidence. The recording of the date of birth of the b) Annuitant or of his Spouse on the Application shall constitute sufficient certification of such age, subject to any further evidence which may be required thereof. The Trustee reserves the right to require the Annuitant, the Successor Annuitant or any person claiming to be a Beneficiary, as the case may be, to provide, at the appropriate time and at their own expense, satisfactory proof of age, of the survival or death of the Annuitant or the Successor Annuitant and of their title or entitlement as a Beneficiary.
- **Binding.** The terms and conditions hereof shall be binding upon the Annuitant's heirs and legal personal representatives and upon any successors and assigns of the Trustee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Fund or the Assets in the Fund are transferred to a replacement trustee, then the terms of such replacement trustee's declaration of trust shall govern thereafter.
- **Interpretation.** Wherever the context so requires, a word used in the masculine gender shall include the feminine or neuter and vice versa, and the singular number shall include the plural and vice versa.
- Notices. Any notice to the Trustee hereunder shall be e) validly given, if delivered or mailed postage prepaid to the Trustee at the Agent's address indicated in the Application, or to any other address that the Trustee may, from time to time, specify in writing, and it shall be effective only on the day that such notice was actually delivered to or received by the Trustee.

Any notice, statement or receipt given by the Trustee to the Annuitant, the Annuitant's Spouse or any person authorized to receive notice under the Fund,

- shall be validly given if mailed postage prepaid to the address recorded in the books of the Trustee with respect to the Fund, and any notice, statement or receipt so mailed shall be deemed to have been given on the day of mailing. Any written instruction, notice or information communicated to the Trustee shall be considered valid only if it is in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee.
- Declaration of Non-Residency. The Annuitant must and undertakes to immediately notify the Trustee if he is or becomes a non-resident of Canada.
- g) Applicable Legislation. The Fund shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the province in which the Annuitant resides, as shown in the Application, and with the Tax Legislation.

In Quebec, the Fund shall not in any way constitute a trust within the meaning of the Civil Code of Québec. Given the particular nature hereof and the administrative rules created hereby, the rules of Title VII of Book IV of the Civil Code of Québec relating to the administration of the property of third parties shall not apply to the Trustee.

Self-Directed Registered Disability Savings Plans

This declaration of trust, together with the Application, constitutes an arrangement entered into between Natcan Trust Company as Issuer of the Plan (the "Issuer"), the Agent and any entity (the "Holder[s]") with whom the Issuer agrees to pay or to cause to be paid to a Beneficiary, Lifetime Disability Assistance Payments to a Beneficiary and Disability Assistance Payments.

The parties agree as follows:

Defined Terms

For the purposes of this arrangement the ensuing terms will have the following meanings:

- "Agent" means NBF INC. as designated in the Application, and also acting as the Issuer's agent with regards to the Plan.
- "Applicable Legislation" means the Income Tax Act (ITA), the Canada Disability Savings Act (CDSA) and the Canada Disability Savings Regulations (CDSR) that govern this Plan, the property in this Plan, and the parties involved in this arrangement.
- "Application" means the application form for membership in the Plan attached hereof, completed and signed by each Holder, as amended from time to time in compliance with this agreement.
- "Assistance Holdback Amount" has the meaning assigned under the CDSR.

- "Beneficiary" means the individual designated in the Application by the Holder(s) to whom Lifetime Disability Assistance Payments and Disability Assistance Payments shall be paid.
- "Designated Provincial Program" means a program that supports savings in RDSPs and that is established under the laws of a province.
- "Disability Assistance Payment" means any payment from the Plan to the Beneficiary or to the Beneficiary's estate.
- "Disability Savings Plan" of a Beneficiary means an arrangement between the Issuer and one or more of the following:
 - 1. the Beneficiary;
 - 2. an entity who is a Qualifying Person in relation to the Beneficiary at the time the arrangement is entered into:
 - 3. a Qualifying Family Member in relation to the beneficiary, who was the holder of the Beneficiary's previous registered disability savings plan - if the Plan is opened as a result of a transfer from the previous registered disability savings plan; and
 - 4. a legal parent of the Beneficiary who is not a Qualifying Person in relation to the Beneficiary at the time the arrangement is entered into but is a holder of another Registered Disability Savings Plan of the Beneficiary; under which one or more contributions are to be made in trust to the Issuer to be invested, used, or applied by the Issuer for the purpose of making payments to the Beneficiary and where the arrangement is entered into in a taxation year in respect of which the Beneficiary is eligible for the disability tax credit.
- > "DTC-Election" means an election made by the Holder to keep the Plan open when the Beneficiary is not a DTC-Eligible Individual. A DTC-Election is valid until the earlier of the beginning of the first calendar year that the Beneficiary again becomes a DTC-Eligible Individual and the end of the fifth calendar year of continuous DTC-ineligibility.
- "DTC-Eligible individual" means an individual who would be eligible for the disability tax credit if subsection 118.3(1) of the ITA were read without reference to paragraph 118.3(1)(c) of the ITA.
- "Government Funded Benefits" means the Canada Disability Savings Grant and/or the Canada Disability Savings Bond.
- > "Holder" means one or more of the following:
 - 1. an entity that has entered into the Plan with the Issuer;
 - 2. an entity who receives rights as a successor or assignee of an entity who entered into the Plan with the Issuer; and

- 3. the Beneficiary, if the Beneficiary has rights under the Plan to make decisions concerning the Plan, unless the Beneficiary's only right is to request that Disability Assistance Payments be made as detailed in section 7A(b).
- "Legislated Maximum Formula Result" means the result of the formula described in paragraph 146.4(4)(1) of the ITA.
- "Lifetime Disability Assistance Payments" means Disability Assistance Payments that, after they begin to be paid, are payable at least annually until the earlier of the day on which the Beneficiary dies and the day on which the Plan is terminated.
- > "Plan" means this arrangement established hereunder and known as the Natcan Trust Company Self-Directed Disability Savings Plan.
- "Plan Trust" means the trust governed by the Plan.
- "Qualifying Family Member" means the Beneficiary's legal parent or the Beneficiary's spouse or common-law partner as long as the Beneficiary is not living separate and apart from their spouse or common-law partner because of a marriage or common-law partnership breakdown.
- "Qualifying Person" means: If the Beneficiary has not reached the age of majority at or before the time the arrangement is entered into:
 - 1. a legal parent of the Beneficiary;
 - 2. a guardian, tutor, curator or other individual who is legally authorized to act on behalf of the Beneficiary; or
 - 3. a public department, agency, or institution that is legally authorized to act on behalf of the Beneficiary. If the Beneficiary has reached the age of majority at or before the time the arrangement is entered into but is not contractually competent to enter into the arrangement, Qualifying Person will mean an entity as described in paragraphs 2 or 3 of this definition.
 - Other than for the purpose of acquiring successor or assignee rights as described in section 4, an individual who is a Qualifying Family Member in relation to the Beneficiary is a Qualifying Person if the following conditions are met:
 - a) The Qualifying Family Member opens the Plan for the beneficiary before January 1, 2017;
 - b) At the time the Plan is opened, the beneficiary is not the beneficiary of another RDSP;
 - c) The beneficiary attained the age of majority before the Plan was entered into:
 - d) No entity that is legally authorized to act on behalf of the Beneficiary exists; and

- e) After reasonable enquiry, the Issuer determines that the beneficiary is not contractually competent to enter into this Plan with the Issuer.
- "Registered Disability Savings Plan" means a Disability Savings Plan that satisfies the conditions of section 146.4 of the ITA.
- "Specified Maximum Amount" means the greater of the legislated maximum formula result and the sum of:
 - 10% of the Plan's fair market value; and
 - all periodic payments from locked-in annuity contracts.

The fair market value does not include amounts held in locked-in annuity contracts. Also, if the Plan disposes of a locked-in annuity contract during the calendar year, the periodic payment amount will contain a reasonable estimate of amounts that would have been paid from the annuity into the Plan in that year.

- "Specified Minister" means the Minister as designated in the CDSA.
- "Specified RDSP Payment" means a payment that is made to the Plan after June 2011 that is designated, in prescribed form, by the Holder and the Beneficiary as a Specified RDSP Payment at the time the payment is made. The payment is an amount that originated from the registered retirement savings plan, registered retirement income fund, specified pension plan, pooled registered pension plan or registered pension plan of the Beneficiary's deceased parent(s) or grandparent(s). The amount was paid as a refund of premiums, an eligible amount, or a payment (with exception to a payment that is part of a series of periodic payments or payments that relate to an actuarial surplus) because of the parent(s) or grandparent(s) death and the Beneficiary was financially dependent on the parent or grandparent because of a mental or physical infirmity at the time of their death.
- "Specified Year" means the particular calendar year in which a medical doctor, who is licensed to practice under the laws of a province (or the place where the Beneficiary resides), certifies in writing that, in their professional opinion, the Beneficiary is not likely to live more than five years, and each of the following five calendar years after the particular calendar year. The specified year will not include any calendar year that i prior to the calendar year in which the certification is provided to the Issuer.

2. Purpose of the Plan

The Plan will be operated exclusively for the benefit of the Beneficiary under the Plan. The Beneficiary's designation is irrevocable and no right of the Beneficiary to receive payments from the Plan is capable of surrender or assignment.

3. Registration of the Plan

The following conditions must be satisfied in order for the Plan to be considered registered:

- before the Plan is entered into, the Issuer must receive written notification from the Minister of National Revenue that provides approval of the specimen plan under which the arrangement is based;
- at or before the time the Plan is entered into, the Issuer must be provided with the social insurance numbers of the Beneficiary and every entity who enters into the Plan with the Issuer (in the case of an entity that is a business, their business number);
- at the time the Plan is entered into, the Beneficiary must be resident in Canada unless the Beneficiary is currently a Beneficiary under another Registered Disability Savings Plan; and
- 4. the Beneficiary must be a DTC Eligible Individual in respect of the taxation year in which the Plan is opened for him/her. The Plan will not be considered registered unless the Issuer notifies the Specified Minister of the Plan's existence without delay. The notification must be in prescribed form containing prescribed information. The Plan will not be considered registered if the Beneficiary of the Plan is also the Beneficiary of another Registered Disability Savings Plan that has not been terminated without delay.

4. Changes in Holder

An entity may only become a successor or assignee of a Holder if the entity is:

- 1. the Beneficiary;
- 2. the Beneficiary's estate;
- a Holder of the Plan at the time rights are acquired; 3.
- a Qualifying Person in relation to the Beneficiary at the time rights under the Plan are acquired; or
- a legal parent of the Beneficiary who was previously a Holder of the Plan. An entity may not exercise their rights as a successor or assignee of a Holder until the Issuer is advised that the entity has become a Holder of the Plan. Before exercising their rights as a successor or assignee of a Holder, the Issuer must be in receipt of the entity's social insurance number or business number, as the case may be. If a Holder (other than a legal parent of the Beneficiary) ceases to be a Qualifying Person, he or she will also cease to be a Holder of the Plan. There must be at least one Holder of the Plan at all times and the Beneficiary or the Beneficiary's estate may automatically acquire rights as successor or assignee of a Holder in order to comply with this requirement. A Qualifying Family Member (who is a Qualifying Person solely because of conditions a) to e) under the Qualifying Person

definition) will cease to be Holder of the Plan if the Beneficiary notifies the Issuer that they wish to become the Holder and either the Issuer, after reasonable enquiry determines the beneficiary to be contractually competent, or a competent tribunal or other provincial authority has declared the Beneficiary to be contractually competent. A Qualifying Family Member (who is a Qualifying Person solely because of conditions a) to e) under the Qualifying Person definition) will cease to be Holder of the Plan if an entity described in point 2 or 3 of the Qualifying Person definition is given legal authority to act on behalf of the Beneficiary. The entity will promptly notify the issuer of their appointment, at which time the entity will replace the Qualifying Family Member as Holder. If there is a dispute over a Qualifying Family Member's status as Holder, the Qualifying Family Member (who is a Qualifying Person solely because of conditions a) to e) under the Qualifying Person definition) must attempt to avoid a reduction in the fair market value of the Plan Trust's property. The Qualifying Family Member must apply this requirement until the dispute is settled or a new entity is named as Holder.

5. Who May Become a Beneficiary of the Plan

An individual may only be designated as a Beneficiary of the Plan if the individual is resident in Canada when the designation is made, unless he or she was already a Beneficiary under another Registered Disability Savings Plan. The individual must also be a DTC Eligible Individual in respect of the taxation year in which the Plan is opened for them before designation to the Plan can take place. An individual is not considered a Beneficiary of the Plan until the Holder designates the Beneficiary on the Application by providing the Beneficiary's full name, address, social insurance number, gender, and date of birth.

6. Contributions

Only the Holder may make contributions to the Plan unless they have given written consent to allow another entity to make contributions into the Plan. Contributions may not be made into the Plan if the Beneficiary is not a DTC Eligible Individual in respect of the taxation year in which the contribution is made. Contributions may not be made into the Plan if the Beneficiary died before that time.

A contribution may not be made into the Plan if:

- 1. the Beneficiary is not resident in Canada at that time;
- the Beneficiary turns 59 years of age before the calendar year that includes that time; or
- the total of the contribution and all other 3. contributions made (other than as a transfer in accordance with section 8) at or before that time to the Plan or to any other plan of the Beneficiary would exceed \$200,000. A contribution does not

include Government Funded Benefits, amounts from a Designated Provincial Program or from another program that has a similar purpose and is funded directly or indirectly by a province (other than an amount paid by an entity described in paragraph 3 of the Qualifying Person definition, or an amount transferred to the Plan in accordance with section 8). Other than for the purposes of this section and for the purposes of paragraphs 7A(a), (b), and (c), a Specified RDSP Payment and an accumulated income payment from a registered education savings plan are not considered contributions to the Plan. These payments are not considered advantages in relation to the Plan (they are not considered a benefit or loan that is conditional in any way on the existence of the Plan).

7. Payments from the Plan

No payments will be made from the Plan other than:

- the payment of Disability Assistance Payments to a Beneficiary of the Plan;
- 2. the transfer of an amount to another trust that irrevocably holds property under a Registered Disability Savings Plan of the Beneficiary, as detailed in section 8; and
- repayments of amounts under the CDSA and its Regulations or under a Designated Provincial Program. A Disability Assistance Payment may not be made from the Plan if the fair market value of the property held by the Plan Trust, immediately after the payment is made, would be less than the Assistance Holdback Amount in relation to the Plan. Lifetime Disability Assistance Payments will begin no later than the end of the calendar year in which the Beneficiary turns 60 years of age. In such a case where the Plan is established after the Beneficiary turns 60 years of age, Lifetime Disability Assistance Payments will begin in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Plan is established. If the Beneficiary reached 59 years of age before the current year, the total amount of all payments that are made from the Plan in the year must be at least equal to the Legislated Maximum Formula Result. Lifetime Disability Assistance Payments for a calendar year are limited to the amount determined by the Legislated Maximum Formula Result.

7A. Disability Assistance Payments

If the total amount of all Government Funded Benefits paid into this and another Registered Disability Savings Plan of the Beneficiary before the beginning of the calendar year exceeds the total amount of contributions paid into this and another Registered Disability Savings

Plan of the Beneficiary before the beginning of the calendar year, then the following conditions must be adhered to: (a) If the calendar year is not a Specified Year for the Plan, the total amount of Disability Assistance Payments made in the year from the Plan will not exceed the Specified Maximum Amount. When calculating the total amount, a transfer as detailed in section 8 is to be disregarded if payments are made in lieu of those that should have been made under the prior plan of the Beneficiary as described in paragraph 146.4(8)(d) of the ITA. A transfer as detailed in section 8 is to be disregarded if the transfer is made in lieu of a payment that would have been permitted to be made from the other plan in the calendar year if the transfer had not occurred. (b) If the Beneficiary has reached 27 years of age but not 59 years of age before the particular calendar year, the Beneficiary may direct that one or more Disability Assistance Payments be made from the Plan in the year provided that the total of all Disability Assistance Payments made from the Plan in the year do not exceed the amount imposed by the constraints of paragraph (a) of this section. These payments may not be made from the Plan if the fair market value of the property held by the Plan Trust, immediately after the payment is made, would be less than the Assistance Holdback Amount in relation to the Plan. (c) If the Beneficiary has reached 59 years of age before the particular calendar year, the total of all Disability Assistance Payments made from the Plan in the year will not be less than the Legislated Maximum Formula Result. If the property in the Plan Trust is insufficient to make available the required amount, a lesser amount may be paid.

8. Transfers

At the direction of the Holder(s) of the Plan, the Issuer will transfer all property held by the Plan Trust directly to another Registered Disability Savings Plan of the Beneficiary. The Issuer will provide the issuer of the new plan with all information in their possession, that was not previously provided to the Specified Minister, that is necessary for the new issuer to comply with the requirements of the Applicable Legislation. The Issuer will terminate the Plan immediately after completing the transfer to the new Registered Disability Savings Plan and both the termination and the transfer will be completed without delay. In addition to any other Disability Assistance Payments that are required to be paid to the Beneficiary in the year, if the Beneficiary is transferring an amount from another Registered Disability Savings Plan and the Beneficiary attained the age of 59 years before the calendar year in which the transfer occurs, the Plan will make one or more Disability Assistance Payments to the Beneficiary whose total will be equal to the amount by which:

- the total amount of Disability Assistance Payments that would have been made from the prior plan in the year if the transfer had not occurred exceeds;
- 2. he total amount of Disability Assistance Payments made from the prior plan in the year.

9. Termination of the Plan

After taking into consideration the Assistance Holdback Amount and Designated Provincial Program repayments, any remaining amount in the Plan will be paid to the Beneficiary or to his or her estate. This amount will be paid by the end of the calendar year following the earlier of:

- the calendar year in which the Beneficiary dies; and 1.
- if the Plan remains open because of a DTC election, the first calendar year under which the DTC election ceases to be valid, and in any other case the first calendar year throughout which the Beneficiary has no severe and prolonged impairment as described in paragraph 118.3(1)(a.1) of the ITA.

The Plan must be terminated by the end of the calendar year following the earlier of:

- the calendar year in which the Beneficiary dies; and
- if the Plan remains open because of a DTC election, the first calendar year under which the DTC election ceases to be valid, and in any other case the first calendar year throughout which the Beneficiary has no severe and prolonged impairment as described in paragraph 118.3(1)(a.1) of the ITA.

10. Non-Compliance of the Plan

If either the Issuer, the Holder, or the Beneficiary of the Plan fails to comply with the requirements in respect of Registered Disability Savings Plans as set out in the Applicable Legislation or if the Plan is not administered in accordance with its terms, the Plan will be considered non-compliant and will cease to be a Registered Disability Savings Plan at that time. At the time the Plan ceases to be registered, a Disability Assistance Payment will be deemed to have been made from the Plan to the Beneficiary or, if the Beneficiary is deceased, to their estate, that is equal to the amount by which the fair market value of the property held by the Plan Trust exceeds the Assistance Holdback Amount. If the Plan ceases to be registered because a Disability Assistance Payment is made that results in the fair market value of the property in the Plan being less than the Assistance Holdback Amount, an additional Disability Assistance Payment will also be deemed to be made from the Plan to the Beneficiary at that time which is equal to:

the amount by which the lesser of the Assistance Holdback Amount in relation to the Plan and the fair market value of the property held by the Plan Trust at the time of payment exceeds;

2. the fair market value of the property held by the Plan Trust immediately after the payment.

The non-taxable portion of this payment will be deemed to be nil.

If the requirements of the Applicable Legislation are not met, the Plan will cease to be a Registered Disability Savings Plan unless the Minister of National Revenue waives such requirements.

11. Obligations of the Issuer

The Issuer will forward notification of any change in Holder under the Plan to the Specified Minister in prescribed form containing prescribed information on or before the day that is 60 days after the later of:

- the day on which the Issuer is advised of the change in Holder; and
- 2. the day on which the Issuer is provided with the social insurance number or business number of the new Holder.

The Minister of National Revenue must approve amendments to the specimen plan under which this Plan is based before the Issuer can amend the Plan terms and conditions.

If the Issuer discovers that the Plan is or will likely become non-compliant, the Issuer will notify both the Minister of National Revenue and the Specified Minister of this fact within 30 days after the Issuer becomes aware of possible or factual non-compliance.

The Issuer will exercise the care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person to minimize the possibility that a Holder of the Plan may become liable to pay tax under Part XI of the ITA in connection with the Plan.

If a Qualifying Family Member (who is a Qualifying Person solely because of conditions a) to e) under the Qualifying Person definition) opens this Plan and becomes Holder, the Issuer will promptly notify the Beneficiary of this fact in writing. The notification will include the information in Section 4 that describes how the Qualifying Family Member can be replaced by another entity as the Plan Holder. The Issuer will collect and use all information provided by the Holder that is required to administer and operate the Plan.

If the Issuer fails to comply with these obligations, the Issuer is liable to penalties as set out in subsection 162(7) of the ITA.

The issuer will not be held liable for entering into this Plan with a Qualifying Family Member if at the time the Plan was entered into, the issuer had made a reasonable enquiry into the beneficiary's contractual competence and it was the issuer's opinion that the beneficiary's contractual competence was in doubt.

12. Responsibility for the Plan and the Plan Trust

The Issuer has ultimate responsibility for the administration of the Plan and the Plan Trust. Therefore, the Issuer shall ensure that the Plan and the Plan Trust are administered in compliance with the requirements of the Applicable Legislation.

13. Delegation of Duties

The Issuer has entered into a contractual arrangement with the Agent for the purpose of permitting the Agent to perform the majority of all administrative and other duties under the Plan. However, the ultimate responsibility for the Plan and the Plan Trust remains with the Issuer as detailed in section 12. The Issuer is responsible for the payment of any penalties resulting from noncompliance as detailed in section 11.

14. Investments

The assets in the Plan trust shall be invested in investments which are available for investment in the Plan, in accordance with instructions given by the Holder from time to time in a form deemed satisfactory by the Issuer.

The investments shall be made in compliance with the Applicable Legislation and each Holder is responsible to ensure that each investment made by the Plan is a "qualified investment" for a Disability Savings Plan within the meaning of the Applicable Legislation.

The Issuer may reinvest all distributions of net income and net realized capital gains received by the Plan in respect of any particular investment in additional investments of the same type unless otherwise instructed by the Holder.

From time to time, the Agent may authorize additional investments available for investment by the Plan notwithstanding that such investments may not be authorized by law for trustees or may be considered a delegation of the Issuer's investment duties. The Holder will not hold the Issuer liable with regard to the investment of the assets of the Plan Trust, whether or not made pursuant to instructions given by the Holder.

It is the Holder's responsibility to choose from the investments that are available for investment in the Plan and to determine whether any investment should be bought, sold or retained as part of the Plan. The Holder acknowledges that any failure to comply with Applicable Legislation may result in fees, penalties and even in revocation of the Plan.

15. Statements and Tax Information

The Issuer shall maintain a separate account for the Plan Trust and keep notably the information regarding each Holder and Beneficiary, the total of all contributions, the Government Funded Benefits amount received, the total

of all payments, fees, cost and other withdrawal as well as all other transaction with regards to the Plan, in compliance with the Applicable Legislation.

The Issuer shall provide the Holder with a statement of account annually (or more frequently at the Issuer's sole discretion), and shall also provide the competent authorities with information returns, slips, notices and other documents required under the Applicable Legislation.

16. Fees and Expenses

The Trustee shall be paid the fees and other charges it prescribes from time to time, which may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Plan. Among others the Trustee shall be entitled to charge fees upon the termination of the Plan, the transfer or withdrawal of Assets in the Plan or any other event which it may reasonably determine. These fees are disclosed to the Annuitant in accordance with the applicable laws.

The Trustee shall be reimbursed for all fees, out-ofpocket expenses and costs incurred by it or its agents in connection with the administration of the Plan.

The reimbursement of any and all taxes, interest or penalty payable may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Plan but only as far as permitted by the applicable laws.

The Holder shall reimburse the Agent for any overdraft resulting from the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs within 30 days from the date the Holder is thereby notified. Should the Holder fail to timely make such reimbursement, the Agent or the Issuer may, without further notifying the Holder, dispose of Assets of the Plan, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses, costs and overdrafts. The Agent and the Issuer shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

17. Limitation of Liability

The Holder and the Beneficiary will at all times indemnify the Issuer and its nominees, agents and correspondents in respect of any and all taxes, interest, penalties, assessments, expenses, liability, claims and demands resulting from the custody or administration of the Plan and will hold them harmless from all of the foregoing, except in the case of the gross negligence or wilful omission or misconduct of the Issuer. All such payment to the Issuer must be made within 30 days from the date where they are thereby notified.

Without limiting the scope of any other provision hereof, neither the Issuer nor any of its nominees, agents or correspondents shall be liable for any loss incurred by the Plan or by the Holder, as a result of the acquisition,

disposition or retention of any investment acquired at the direction of the Holder, as a result of any payment out of the Plan as requested by the Holder, as of the refusal to follow instructions that the Issuer, at its sole discretion, views as contrary to any provision hereto or to any Applicable Legislation or, as a result of force majeure or irresistible force. The foregoing indemnification and limitations of liability shall survive the termination or revocation of the Plan.

18. Notices

Any notice, statement or receipt by the Agent or the Issuer to a Holder, the Beneficiary or a representative authorized to receive them under terms of the Plan, will be sufficiently given if delivered or mailed by prepaid postage to the address recorded in the Agent's or Issuer's registry with regards to the Plan.

Such notice, statement or receipt will be considered given and received on the fifth day after mailing.

Any notice to the Agent or the Issuer under this agreement will be sufficiently given if delivered or mailed by prepaid postage to the Agent's address indicated on the Application or to any other address that the Agent may indicate in writing from time to time. Such notice will be considered given on the day that the notice is actually delivered to or received by the Agent.

19. Instructions

The Agent and the Issuer shall be empowered to follow the instructions received from a Holder or any other person designated in writing by the Holder, whether transmitted by mail, facsimile machine, by telephone or other electronic means.

All instruction, demand or information given to the Agent or the Issuer will be considered valid only if presented in a form deemed satisfactory by the Agent.

If the Plan has many Holders at the same time, instructions given by one Holder shall bind all the Holders. If many instructions are received by the Agent and/or Issuer, the most recent instruction will be executed even if different than the previous one.

20. Proof of Information

The Holder certifies that the information provided in the Application is correct and undertakes to provide, at his own expense, to the Issuer further proof of any information relating to the Plan that they may reasonably require. The Holder undertakes also to give to the Issuer an immediate notice of all changes regarding the information provided in the Application.

21. Replacement of Issuer

The Issuer may resign from its office under this agreement by giving sixty (60) days' written notice of resignation, or such other period of notice that the Applicable Legislation may stipulate.

Resignation of the Issuer shall be effective upon the appointment of a replacement Trustee who has accepted to act as the Plan's Trustee. The replacement Issuer must be a corporation resident in Canada and authorized to act under the Application Legislation.

The Issuer shall notify the Specified Minister of its resignation under this agreement and of the appointment of a replacement Issuer in accordance with the terms of the Issuer agreement(s) between the Issuer and the Specified Minister.

22. Miscellaneous Provisions

- a) Cash: All the sums of money payable hereunder shall be payable in money which is legal tender in Canada.
- Binding: The terms and conditions hereof will be b) binding upon the Holders' and Beneficiary's heirs and legal personal representatives and upon any successors and assigns of the Agent and Issuer.
- Declaration of Non-Residence: Each Holder is required to, and undertakes to, notify the Issuer immediately if he or she or the Beneficiary is or becomes a non-resident of Canada.
- d) Interpretation: The Plan shall not in any way constitute a trust within the meaning of the Civil Code of Québec. Given the special nature hereof and the administrative rules created hereby, the rules of Title VII of Book IV of the Civil Code of Québec relating to the administration of the property of others shall not apply to assets of the Plan.

23. Language Clause

The parties have requested that this agreement and any notices or other documents related hereto be drawn up in the English language.

Les parties confirment leur volonté que la présente convention et tout avis ou autre document qui s'y rapporte soient rédigés en langue anglaise.

National Bank Financial Inc. Tax-Free Savings Account (TFSA)

Definitions: 1.

For the purposes hereof, the words or terms set out herein below shall have the following meanings:

a) Assets in the Account: means all property of any nature whatsoever which makes up the Account, including the contributions made to the Account

from time to time, as well as any income, capital gains or other gains of any nature whatsoever, generated or realized during the administration of the Account by the Trustee.

- b) Agent: means National Bank Financial Inc., which has been designated as such in the Application.
- Beneficiary: means the person who is or would be legally entitled to receive any Assets in the Account or proceeds from disposition of the Assets in the Account in the case of the death of the Holder, pursuant to the Applicable legislation, such as the Holder's Survivor, his estate, his designated beneficiary, or a legal representative within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada).
- d) Account: means the National Bank Financial Inc. tax-free savings account established by the Trustee for the benefit of the Holder in accordance with the terms and conditions contained in the Application and herein, as such Account may be amended from time to time.
- e) Application: means the application form to open the Account, completed and signed by the Holder attached herein.
- Distribution: means any payment to the Holder made out of or under the Account in satisfaction of all or part of the Holder's interest in the Account.
- g) Trustee: means Natcan Trust Company, a trust company duly incorporated under the Trust and Loan Companies Act (Canada).
- Tax Legislation: means the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the corresponding legislation of the province in which the Holder resides, and the regulations adopted thereunder.
- i) Survivor: means the individual who is, immediately before the Holder's death, the spouse or commonlaw partner of the Holder as define for the purposes of any provision of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) respecting a tax-free savings account.
- Holder: means the individual (other than a trust) who is at least 18 years of age and whose name is indicated as such in the Application, and after his or her death, the Survivor, as provided under the definition of the term "holder" under subsection 146.2(1) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).
- Applicable legislation: means the laws and regulations as described in subsection 14 h) herein.

2. Establishment of Account.

By means of the payment of a contribution or the transfer of a sum of money or any other property specified in the Application, the Holder establishes with the Trustee

a tax-free savings account. All contributions made to the Account, as well as any income, capital gains or other gains of any nature whatsoever, generated or realized by the Account, and held in the Account by the Trustee, and used, invested or otherwise applied pursuant to the terms and conditions provided herein, shall be used for the purpose of making distributions to the Holder.

The Account shall constitute a trust for the purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada) only, excluding any other purpose whatsoever.

The Trustee, by inscribing its acceptance upon the Application, agrees to administer the Account in the manner stipulated herein. Subject to registration of the Account under the Income Tax Act (Canada), this declaration of trust shall take effect on the date of acceptance by the Trustee of the Application.

Registration.

The Trustee shall file an election to register the qualifying arrangement as a tax-free savings account pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada). If any of the authorities concerned refuses such registration, the Application and this declaration of trust shall be cancelled, and the sums or property transferred to the Account shall be reimbursed by cheque, transfer or any other method of payment provided by the Trustee for that purpose.

4. Contributions.

The Holder may make contributions to the Account at any time. The Holder shall be solely responsible for ensuring that such contributions are within the limits prescribed by the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the Trustee makes no verification in this respect.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustee can, without being held to it, refuse a contribution of the Holder for any motive and at any time.

5. Investments.

The Assets in the Account shall be invested in investments which are available for investment by the Account in accordance with instructions given by the Holder to the Trustee from time to time in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee. The investments shall be made in compliance with the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Holder is responsible to ensure that each investment made by the Account is a "qualified investment" for the Account within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

The Trustee shall exercise the care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person to minimize the possibility that a trust governed by the Account holds a nonqualified investment.

From time to time, the Trustee may authorize additional investments available for investment by the Account notwithstanding that such investments may not be authorized by law for trustees or may be considered a delegation of the Trustee's investment duties.

The Holder will not hold the Trustee liable with regard to the investment of the Assets of the Account, whether or not made pursuant to instructions given by the Holder.

6. Conditions and Restrictions:

- The Account shall be maintained for the exclusive benefit of the Holder, and while there is a holder of the Account, no one other than the Holder and the Trustee shall have any rights relating to the amount and timing of distributions and the investing of funds. This provision shall not apply where such application would be inconsistent with the security contemplated in Section 9.
- No one other than the Holder may make contributions to the Account.
- The trust shall not be permitted to borrow money or other property for the purposes of the Account.
- The Holder agrees not to cause the Account to be used for the carrying on of a business within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Holder recognizes that frequent or large volume trading of securities (operations sometimes referred to as "day trading"), in particular, may constitute the carrying on of a business. Once it is established that the Account is or possibly has been used to carry on a business, the Holder agrees to hold sufficient assets in the Accoun to pay any income taxes, penalties and interest. The Holder agrees that the Trustee may then, at its discretion and subject to its other rights and remedies, freeze the Account until a clearance certificate is obtained from the tax authorities.

7. Distributions.

Subject to such reasonable requirements as the Trustee may impose, the Holder may withdraw an amount from the Account by making a request in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, distributions may be made, among other things, to reduce the amount of tax otherwise payable by the Holder under section 207.02 or 207.03 of the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Trustee shall then dispose of all or certain of the Assets as indicated by the Holder and pay to the Holder an amount equal to the proceeds of disposition of such assets (net of applicable disposition costs), less any charges and taxes (including interest and penalties) that are or may become payable by the Trustee or the Account itself, as permitted by the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Upon such payment, the Trustee shall be subject to no further liability or duty to the Holder with respect to the Assets in the Account, or the portion thereof that has been distributed and paid. The Trustee will issue to the Holder such information returns in respect of any withdrawal as required by Applicable legislation.

If only a portion of the Assets in the Account is disposed of in accordance with the foregoing paragraph, the Holder may specify in his or her notice which assets he or she wishes the Trustee to dispose of, failing which the Trustee shall dispose of such assets as the Trustee, in its sole discretion, may deem appropriate for this purpose. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

8. Transfers to Other Accounts.

Subject to such reasonable requirements as the Trustee may impose, the Holder may at any time request, in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee, that the Trustee transfers to another tax-free savings account of which he or she is the Holder:

- a) all or a portion of the Assets in the Account, or
- an amount equal to the proceeds of disposition of all or portion of the Assets in the Account (net of applicable disposition costs),

less any charges and taxes (including interest and penalties) that are or may become payable by the Trustee or the Account itself.

Subject to the Income Tax Act (Canada), a transfer may also be made to a tax-free savings account whose holder is the spouse or former spouse or the common-law partner or former common-law partner of the Holder in settlement of rights arising out of, or on the breakdown of, the marriage or common-law partnership.

The Trustee shall carry out all transfer requests, except in the event of inconsistency with the security contemplated in Section 9. Such transfers shall take effect in accordance with Applicable legislation and within a reasonable time after all forms required to be completed in respect of such transfer have been completed and forwarded to the Trustee. Upon such transfer, the Trustee shall be subject to no further liability or duty to the Holder with respect to the Assets in the Account, or the portion thereof, so transferred, as the case may be.

If only a portion of the Assets in the Account is transferred in accordance with the foregoing paragraph, the Holder may specify in his or her notice which assets he or she wishes to so transfer or which assets he or she wishes to dispose of in order to effect such transfer, failing which the Trustee shall transfer or dispose of such properties as it, in its sole discretion, may deem appropriate for this purpose. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition or transfer.

9. Security.

The Holder of the Account may use his or her interest or right in the Account as security for a loan or other indebtedness if the following conditions are met:

- a) The terms and conditions of the indebtedness are terms and conditions that persons dealing at arm's length with each other would have entered into; and
- b) It can reasonably be considered that one of the main purposes of that use is not to enable a person (other than the Holder) or partnership to benefit from the exemption from tax available under Part I of the Income Tax Act (Canada) of any amount in respect of the Account.

The security can be established, published and revoked only in accordance with the Applicable legislation and by means of a written document or instrument dated and signed by the Holder. The form and content of the security shall be acceptable to the Trustee and shall identify the Account specifically. The Trustee makes no representation and cannot be held responsible in the event of a total or partial invalidity, non-perfection or unenforceability of a security signed by the Holder with respect to the Account.

10. Designation of Survivor Holder or of Beneficiary (only in provinces where permitted by law).

If permitted by Applicable legislation, the Holder may designate the Survivor as the new Holder of the Account after his or her death. To be designated as such, the survivor must acquires all of the Holder's rights in the Account, including the unconditional right to revoke any beneficiary designation.

If permitted by Applicable legislation, the Holder may designate one or more beneficiaries to receive the proceeds payable under the provisions of the Account.

Any designation of a Survivor Holder or a beneficiary may be made, amended or revoked only in compliance with the Applicable legislation by way of a written document or instrument, dated and signed by the Holder, the form and content of which shall be acceptable to the Trustee, and in particular shall specifically identify the Account.

Any designation, amendment and/or revocation, shall come into force on the date it is received by the Trustee. If more than one designation is received by the Trustee, the Trustee shall consider only the designation, duly signed by the Holder which has the most recent date.

In certain provinces and territories this designation may not be revoked or changed automatically as a result of a future marriage or a marriage breakdown and a new designation may be required. It is the Holder's sole responsibility to get appropriate information regarding this matter and to make the appropriate amendments, as needed.

The Trustee makes no representation and cannot be held responsible for the invalidity of any designation of a Survivor Holder or designation of beneficiary signed by the Holder with respect to the Account.

11. Death of Holder.

Upon the Holder's death, upon receipt of evidence satisfactory to the Trustee of such death and subject to the Tax Legislation, the Trustee shall dispose of the Assets in the Account, and after deducting any applicable tax, costs of such disposition, fees or any other amounts payable hereunder, the Trustee shall pay in a lump sum the net proceeds of such disposition to the Holder's estate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in cases permitted by the Tax Legislation, the Trustee may transfer the Assets in the Account to one or more persons entitled thereto.

No such payment or transfer shall be made unless and until the Trustee receives releases and other documents as it may reasonably require.

12. Separate Account and Tax Information.

The Trustee shall maintain a separate account for the Account and shall furnish to the Holder annually or more frequently, a statement showing the information deemed relevant by the Trustee in its sole discretion.

The Trustee shall provide the Holder and the competent authorities, as the case may be, with information returns, notices and other documents in accordance with the Tax Legislation.

13. Provisions Regarding the Trustee.

- a) Delegation of Powers. The Trustee may delegate to its agents any of its administrative duties or its powers to do specific things, and the delegate may receive all or part of the fees to which the Trustee is entitled hereunder, it being understood, however, that ultimate responsibility for administering the Account shall remain vested in the Trustee.
- b) Withdrawal of Trustee. The Trustee may withdraw as the administrator of the Account upon 90 days' prior notice given to the Holder in the manner set out in Section 14 g) hereof and provided a replacement trustee has accepted the appointment and on condition such replacement is a body corporate resident in Canada duly authorized by the Applicable legislation to act in such capacity.
- Fees and Expenses. The Trustee shall be paid the fees and other charges it prescribes from time to time, which may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Account. The Trustee shall be entitled to charge fees upon the termination of the Account, the transfer or withdrawal of Assets in the Account or any other event which it may reasonably

determine. These fees are disclosed to the Holder in accordance with the Applicable legislation.

The Trustee shall be reimbursed by the Holder for all fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs incurred by it or its agents in connection with the administration of the Account or the production of any tax statements or other documents required under the Tax Legislation.

The reimbursement of any and all taxes, interest or penalties payable may be directly charged against and deducted from the Assets in the Account but only as far as permitted by the Tax legislation. The Trustee may then, without further notifying the Holder, dispose of Assets in the Account, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

The Holder shall reimburse the Trustee for any overdraft resulting from the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses and costs within 30 days of the date the Holder is notified thereof. Should the Holder fail to make such reimbursement on time, the Trustee may, without further notifying the Holder, dispose of Assets in the Account, in whole or in part, on such conditions as it may determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment of such fees, out-of-pocket expenses, costs and overdrafts. The Trustee shall not be liable for any losses incurred as a result of such disposition.

d) Liability and Hold Harmless. The Holder will at all times indemnify the Trustee and its nominees, agents and correspondents in respect of all taxes, interest, penalties, assessments, expenses, liability, claims and demands resulting from the custody or administration of the Account and will hold them harmless from all of the foregoing, except in the case of the gross negligence or willful omission or misconduct of the Trustee. All such payment must be made within 30 days from the date the Holder is thereby notified. Without limiting the scope of any other provision hereof, neither the Trustee nor any of its nominees, agents or correspondents shall be liable for any loss incurred by the Account or by the Holder, as a result of the acquisition, disposition or retention of any investment acquired at the direction of the Holder, as a result of the use of the Account for prohibited purposes, in particular for the carrying on of a business within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada), as a result of any payment out of the Account as requested by the Holder, as a result of the refusal to follow instructions that the Trustee, in its sole discretion, considers contrary to any provision hereto or to any Applicable legislation, as a result of force majeure or irresistible force.

Instructions. The Trustee shall be empowered to follow the written instructions received from the Holder or any other person designated in writing by the Holder, whether transmitted by mail, facsimile machine or other electronic means.

14. Miscellaneous Provisions.

- a) Amendments. The Trustee may from time to time, in its sole discretion, amend the terms of the Account (i) to satisfy the requirement of any Applicable legislation, or (ii) by giving 30 days' notice in writing thereof to the Holder, provided, however, that any such amendments shall not disqualify the Account as a tax-free savings account within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada).
- b) Evidence. The recording of the date of birth of the Holder on the Application shall constitute sufficient certification of such age, subject to any further evidence which may be required thereof.

The Trustee reserves the right to require the Holder or any person claiming to be a Beneficiary, as the case may be, to provide, at the appropriate time and at their own expense, satisfactory proof of age, of the survival or death of the Holder and of their title or entitlement as a Beneficiary.

- Cash. All the sums of money payable hereunder shall be payable in money which is legal tender in Canada.
- Binding. The terms and conditions hereof will be binding upon the Holder's heirs and legal personal representatives and upon any successors and assigns of the Trustee.
- Declaration of Non-Residence. The Holder is required to and undertakes to notify the Trustee immediately if he or she is or becomes a non-resident of Canada.
- Interpretation. Wherever the context so requires, a word used in the masculine gender shall include the feminine or neuter and vice versa, and the singular number shall include the plural and vice versa.
- Notices. Any notice to the Trustee hereunder shall be validly given if delivered or mailed postage prepaid to the address of the Agent appearing on the Application or to any other address which the Trustee may from time to time specify in writing, and it shall be effective only on the day that such notice was actually delivered or received by the Trustee. Any notice, statement or receipt given by the Trustee to the Holder or any person authorized to receive notice under the Account shall be validly given if mailed postage prepaid to the address recorded in the books of the Trustee with respect to the Account, and any notice, statement or receipt so mailed shall be deemed to have been given five days after the day of mailing. Any written instruction, notice or

information communicated to the Trustee will be considered valid only if it is in a form deemed satisfactory by the Trustee.

The Holder expressly authorizes the Trustee or the Agent to notify them of an amendment to this declaration of trust by a prior written notice, including a notice entered on or included with their statement of account, and by the publication of the amended agreement on the Trustee's or Agent's website.

h) Applicable legislation. The Account shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws and regulations applicable in the province in which the Holder resides, as shown in the Application, and with the Tax Legislation. The Account shall not in any way constitute a trust within the meaning of the Civil Code of Québec. Given the special nature hereof and the administrative rules created hereby, the rules of Title VII of Book IV of the Civil Code of Québec relating to the administration of the property of others shall not apply to the Trustee.

15. Language Clause.

The parties have requested that this declaration of trust and any notices or other documents related hereto be drawn up in the English language.

Les parties confirment leur volonté que la déclaration de fiducie et tout avis ou autre document qui s'y rapporte soient rédigés en langue anglaise.

National Bank Financial Inc. First Home Savings Account (FHSA)

1. Definitions.

For the purposes hereof, the terms set out below have the following meanings:

- account: the qualifying arrangement within the meaning of section 146.6 of the Tax Act entered into between the trustee and the holder in accordance with the terms set out in the Application and herein and which, when registered, will be a first home savings account ("FHSA") within the meaning of the Tax Act.
- b) agent: National Bank Financial Inc., being designated as agent of the trustee under section 16 a) hereof.
- c) application: the account application form completed and signed by the holder.
- assets in the account: all assets of any nature whatsoever which make up the account, including the contributions made to the account as well as the investment earnings generated or realized during the administration of the account by the trustee.

- beneficiary: an individual (including an estate) or a qualified donee that has a right to receive a distribution from the account after the death of the holder.
- holder: the qualifying individual (other than a trust) f) named on the Application and, on the individual's death, the individual's spouse, if the spouse is then alive and:
 - i. is designated as a successor holder of the account;
 - ii. is a qualifying individual; and
 - iii. the account balance has not been transferred to their registered retirement savings account ("RRSP") or their registered retirement income fund ("RRIF"), or distributed to them as a beneficiary, by the end of the year following the year of death

(the latter being also referred to as the "successor holder" herein).

- qualifying individual: an individual who, at a particular time
 - i. is a resident of Canada;
 - ii. is at least 18 years old of age; and
 - iii. did not, at any prior time in the calendar year or in the preceding four calendar years, inhabit as a principal place of residence a qualifying home within the meaning of subsection 146.6(1) of the Tax Act (in Canada or elsewhere) that was owned or co-owned by the individual or the individual's spouse at the particular time.
- h) spouse: a spouse or common-law partner within the meaning of the Tax Act.
- survivor: the individual who is, immediately before the qualifying individual's death, the spouse of the qualifying individual.
- j) Tax Act: the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, where appropriate, the regulations made under that Act.
- trustee: Natcan Trust Company, a trust company duly incorporated under the Trust and Loan Companies Act (Canada), also referred to as the issuer under the Tax Act.

2. Purposes of the account.

All contributions made to the account as well as any investment earnings generated or realized by the account and used and invested pursuant to the terms and conditions provided herein shall be used for the purpose of making distributions to the holder.

The account shall constitute a trust for the purposes of the Tax Act only, and for no other purpose.

The trustee, by accepting the Application, agrees to administer the account in accordance with the Tax Act and as set forth herein. Subject to registration of the account under the Tax Act, this declaration of trust shall take effect on the date of acceptance of the Application by the trustee.

3. Registration.

The trustee shall file an election to register the qualifying arrangement as a FHSA pursuant to the Tax Act. For this purpose, the trustee is entitled to rely on the information provided by the holder in the Application. If registration of the account is refused, the Application and this declaration of trust shall be cancelled, and the assets in the account shall be returned to the holder.

4. Maximum participation period.

The maximum participation period for the account begins when the holder first enters into a qualifying arrangement and ends at the end of the year following the year in which the earliest of the following events occurs:

- the 14th anniversary of the date the holder first enters into a qualifying arrangement;
- b) the holder reaches the age of 70 years; and
- the holder first makes a qualifying withdrawal (as defined below) from a FHSA.

5. When the account ceases to be a FHSA.

The account ceases to be a FHSA and must be closed at:

- a) subject to paragraph b), the earliest of the following times:
 - i. the end of the maximum participation period of the last holder;
 - ii. the end of the year following the year of the death of the last holder;
 - iii. the time at which the account ceases to be a qualifying arrangement;
 - iv. the time at which the account is not administered in accordance with the conditions in subsection 146.6(2) of the Tax Act.
- b) a later time specified by the Minister in writing.

6. Contributions.

The holder may make contributions to the account until the account is closed. However, contributions made after a qualifying withdrawal (as defined below) are not tax-deductible and do not give rise to qualifying withdrawals.

The holder is solely responsible for ensuring that such contributions are within the limits prescribed by the Tax Act. The Trustee makes no verification in this regard.

Investments.

Assets in the account shall be invested in investments available under the account, in accordance with instructions given by the holder in a form satisfactory to the trustee. The holder is responsible for ensuring that investments made in or transferred to the account are and remain qualified investments within the meaning of the Tax Act. The trustee shall exercise the care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person to minimize the possibility that a trust governed by the account holds a non-qualified investment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the trustee may, in its sole discretion, refuse to accept any transferred asset or make any investment, including if it is of the opinion that the investment does not comply with its standards and policies. The trustee may also require the holder to provide supporting documentation prior to making certain investments.

As applicable, the trustee may reinvest all distributions of net investment income in investments of the same type unless otherwise instructed by the holder. The trustee may also authorize additional investments even if, in doing so, it is considered to have delegated its investment powers.

As applicable, voting rights attached to units, shares or any other securities held in the account may be exercised by the holder. For this purpose, the holder is hereby appointed the trustee's agent and attorney to execute and deliver proxies and other instruments in accordance with applicable laws.

8. Conditions and restrictions.

- a) The account shall be maintained for the exclusive benefit of the holder.
- b) While there is a holder of the account, no one other than the holder and the trustee shall have any rights relating to the amount and timing of distributions and the investing of funds in the account.
- No one other than the holder may make contributions to the account.
- d) The trust shall not be permitted to borrow money or other property for the purposes of the account.
- The holder agrees not to cause the account to be used for the carrying on of a business within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada). The holder recognizes that frequent or large volume trading of securities (operations sometimes referred to as "day trading"), in particular, may constitute the carrying on

of a business. Once it is established that the account is or possibly has been used to carry on a business, the holder agrees to hold sufficient assets in the account to pay any income taxes, penalties and interest. The holder agrees that the trustee may then, at its discretion and subject to its other rights and remedies, freeze the account until a clearance certificate is obtained from the tax authorities.

f) The arrangement meets prescribed conditions.

Distributions.

Subject to such requirements as the trustee may reasonably impose, the holder may withdraw assets from the account. Any withdrawal will be subject to withholding tax unless the withdrawal is a qualifying withdrawal within the meaning of the Tax Act.

A withdrawal is a qualifying withdrawal if the holder:

- a) is a resident of Canada on the date of the withdrawal and continues to be a resident of Canada until the earlier of the holder's death and the time at which the holder acquires the qualifying home;
- b) does not have an owner-occupied home within the meaning of paragraph 146.01(2)(a.1) of the Tax Act in the period that begins at the beginning of the fourth preceding calendar year that ended before the withdrawal and that ends on the 31st day before the withdrawal;
- entered into an agreement in writing before the date of the withdrawal for the acquisition or construction of the qualifying home before October 1 of the calendar year following the year of the withdrawal;
- has made a written request for payment in prescribed form stating the location of the qualifying home that they use as a principal place of residence or intend to use for that purpose not later than one year after its acquisition or construction; and
- e) did not acquire the qualifying home more than 30 days before the date of the withdrawal.

The holder may make one or more qualifying withdrawals of all or part of the assets in the account. Such withdrawals are limited to a single qualifying home for life and must be made no later than the 15th year after the first qualifying arrangement was entered into by the holder.

The holder may also withdraw assets in the account for the purpose of reducing the amount of tax otherwise payable by them under section 207.021 of the Tax Act. The trustee shall then dispose of all or a portion of the assets in the account and pay the holder an amount equal to the proceeds of disposition of such assets (net of any applicable disposition costs), less any payable charges and taxes (including interest and penalties) except as prohibited under the Tax Act.

10. Transfers to other accounts or plans.

Subject to the conditions set out in the Tax Act and such requirements as the trustee may reasonably impose, the holder may ask the trustee to transfer to another FHSA of which they are the holder:

- a) all or a portion of the assets in the account; or
- b) an amount equal to the proceeds of disposition of all or a portion of the assets in the account (net of any applicable disposition costs), less any payable charges and taxes (including interest and penalties) except as prohibited under the Tax Act.

A transfer may also be made to an RRSP or RRIF of which the holder is the annuitant, but only up to the amount calculated according to the formula in paragraph 146.6(7)(c) of the Tax Act.

In addition, and subject to the conditions and limitations set out in the Tax Act, a transfer may be made to a FHSA of which the holder's spouse or former spouse is the holder or to an RRSP or RRIF of which that spouse or former spouse is the annuitant, in settlement of rights arising out of, or on a breakdown of, their marriage or common-law partnership.

11. Transfers from an RRSP.

The holder may transfer assets from an RRSP of which they are the holder to the account subject to the conditions prescribed by the Tax Act and such requirements as the trustee may reasonably impose.

12. Withdrawal or transfer.

If only part of the assets in the account are withdrawn or transferred, the holder may specify in their request which assets they wish to dispose of or transfer. Otherwise, the trustee disposes of the assets or transfers them in its sole discretion. The trustee is not required to cash in or transfer an investment prior to maturity.

13. Designation of successor holder and/or beneficiary (only in provinces and territories where permitted by law).

If permitted by the applicable laws, the holder may designate their spouse as the successor holder of the account after their death in accordance with the Tax Act.

If permitted by applicable laws, the holder may also designate one or more beneficiaries to receive the proceeds of the account.

A designation may only be made, changed or revoked in compliance with the applicable laws by way of a written document or instrument, dated and signed by the holder, the form and content of which shall be acceptable to the trustee, and shall specifically identify the account.

Any designation or any change or revocation of a designation, validly made, shall take effect on the date it is received by the trustee. If more than one designation is received, the trustee shall consider only the designation duly signed by the holder with the most recent date.

In some provinces and territories, a designation may not be automatically revoked or changed by a marriage, new union, divorce or relationship breakdown and a new designation may be required. It is the holder's sole responsibility to get appropriate information regarding this and to make any necessary changes, as needed.

The trustee makes no representations and is not liable, including in the event of the invalidity or unenforceability, in whole or in part, of any designation or any change or revocation thereof by the holder.

14. Death of holder.

Subject to the following and applicable laws, the trustee shall dispose of the assets in the account upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of the death of the holder. After deducting applicable taxes, costs of disposition, fees and other amounts payable, the trustee shall pay the net proceeds of disposition to the beneficiaries in a lump sum.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the trustee may instead, in the cases and on the terms set out in the Tax Act, transfer the assets to a person or persons entitled to them, such as a successor holder.

No transfer of assets or payment shall be made until the trustee has received such releases and other documents it may reasonably require.

15. Separate account and statements.

The trustee shall maintain a separate account for the account and shall deliver to the holder annually or more frequently a statement containing such information as the trustee considers relevant.

The trustee shall deliver such information returns, notices and other documents as are required by the Tax Act to the holder and, if applicable, to the appropriate authorities.

16. Provisions relating to the trustee.

Delegation of powers. The trustee may delegate any of its powers or duties to agents. In such event, the agents may receive all or part of the fees to which the trustee is entitled hereunder. Notwithstanding any such delegation, the ultimate responsibility for the administration of the account remains with the trustee.

- b) Resignation of trustee. The trustee may resign upon not less than 30 days' prior notice to the holder in the manner set forth in subsection 17 f) provided a successor issuer has agreed to act in its stead. Such issuer must be a corporation resident in Canada and duly authorized by the applicable laws to act in such capacity.
- Fees and expenses. The trustee is entitled to receive such fees and other charges as it may prescribe from time to time, which may be charged directly to and deducted from the assets in the account. These fees and charges may be charged upon the termination of the account, the transfer or withdrawal of assets from the account or in any other situation as the trustee may reasonably determine. Such fees and expenses shall be disclosed to the holder in accordance with the applicable laws.

Similarly, the trustee is entitled to be reimbursed for all fees, costs and expenses incurred by it or its agents in connection with the administration of the account or the filing of any document required under the Tax Act. The holder shall reimburse the trustee for any overdraft resulting from the payment of such fees, costs and expenses within 30 days of the date the holder is notified thereof. Should the holder fail to make such timely repayment, the trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, dispose of the assets in the account without further notice to the holder and on such terms as the trustee shall determine and apply the proceeds of such disposition to the payment of the amounts owing.

The reimbursement of any taxes, interest or penalties payable in respect of the account may also, but only to the extent not prohibited by the Tax Act, be applied directly to, and deducted from, the assets in the account. The trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, dispose of the assets in the account without further action and on such terms as it may determine and apply the proceeds of disposition to the payment of such taxes, interest or penalties.

The holder shall be accountable to the trustee for any fees, expenses and other amounts due in excess of the assets in the account.

Liability and compensation. At all times, the holder ortheir personal representatives or beneficiaries shall indemnify and hold harmless the trustee and the agent from and against all taxes, interest, penalties, assessments, fees (including legal and attorney fees), costs, expenses, claims and demands incurred, charged or made in connection with the account, to the extent not prohibited by the Tax Act.

The indemnity must be paid within 30 days of the claim made by the trustee or agent and may be paid out of the assets in the account.

Except as otherwise provided by applicable laws and herein, and without limiting the scope of other agreements and conditions with the holder, the trustee and the agent shall not be liable for any loss or damage suffered by the account, the holder, any beneficiary or any other person, resulting from, but not limited to:

- i. any loss in value of the assets in the account
- ii. any acquisition, holding, or disposition of an investment
- iii. any payment made from the account, liquidation or closure of the account, withdrawal, transfer or distribution of assets in the account (including any tax consequences of such transactions)
- iv. any excess contributions to the account
- v. any use of the account for any prohibited purpose, including the carrying on of a business within the meaning of the Tax Act, or any action taken by the trustee or agent in the event of such use
- vi. any performance or non-performance of instructions given to the trustee or the agent,
- vii. unless the loss or damage is caused by bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence or, in Québec, the gross or intentional fault of the trustee or the agent.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the trustee or the agent be liable for any special, indirect, punitive, incidental or consequential loss or damages whatsoever.

Instructions. The trustee is entitled to rely on any instructions it receives from or believes in good faith to be given by the holder or any other person designated by the holder, whether such instructions are given in person, by mail, by facsimile or by any other electronic means.

17. Miscellaneous provisions.

- a) Modifications. The trustee may from time to time, in its sole discretion, vary the terms of the account (i) to comply with any requirement of applicable law, or (ii) by giving 30 days' prior written notice to the holder. However, such a change must not disqualify the account as a FHSA within the meaning of the Tax Act.
- Evidence. The trustee reserves the right to require the holder or any person claiming to be a beneficiary to furnish, on a timely basis and at their expense, satisfactory evidence of their age or of any fact relevant to their interest or right in or to the account.

- c) Enforceability. The terms hereof shall be binding upon the heirs, personal representatives and assigns of the holder and the successors and assigns of the trustee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the account or the assets in the account are transferred to a successor issuer, the terms of such issuer's declaration of trust or agreement will govern the account thereafter.
- d) **Declaration of non-residency.** The holder undertakes to notify the trustee immediately if the holder is or becomes a non-resident of Canada.
- Interpretation. For the purposes hereof, wherever the context requires, words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter genders and words importing the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- Notices. Any notice to the trustee hereunder shall be validly given if delivered or mailed to the address of the agent appearing on the Application or to such other address as the trustee may from time to time specify in writing. The notice shall become effective only on the day it is delivered to or received by the trustee. Any instruction, notice or information given in writing to the trustee will be considered valid only if it is in form satisfactory to the trustee.

Any notice, statement or receipt directed to the holder or any person entitled to receive notice under the account may be delivered electronically or by mail to the address as it appears on the registers of the trustee. The notice, statement or receipt is then deemed to have been given on the day of the electronic transmission or on the fifth day following the mailing. The holder expressly authorizes the trustee or the agent to notify them of any modification to this declaration of trust by a prior written notice, including a note on or included with their statement of account, and by posting the modified agreement on the trustee's or agent's website.

Applicable laws. The account shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws applicable in the province or territory of residence of the holder indicated on the Application or otherwise provided by the holder, including the Tax Act.

In Québec, the account does not constitute a trust within the meaning of the Civil Code of Québec. In view of the special nature of this account, the rules of Title VII of Book IV of the Civil Code of Québec relating to the administration of the property of others do not apply to the trustee.



Should you have any questions, do not hesitate to contact us.

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